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December 14, 2020

Sent by Email: sgeraghty@southdundas.com

Shannon Geraghty
Chief Administrative Officer
The Municipality of South Dundas
34 Ottawa Street
Morrisburg, Ontario
K0C 1X0

Dear: Shannon Geraghty

Re: Inspection Report 2020-2021 #1-NWNJL

The enclosed report documents findings of the inspection that was performed at the South Dundas Drinking Water System on September 29, 2020.

Two sections of the report, namely "Non-compliance with Regulatory Requirements and Actions Required" and "Summary of Recommendations and Best Practice Issues", if found, may cite due dates for the submission of information or plans to my attention.

Please note that "Non-compliance with Regulatory Requirements and Actions Required" are linked to incidents of non-compliance with regulatory requirements contained within an act, a regulation, or site-specific approvals, licenses, permits, orders, or instructions. Such violations may result in the issuance of mandatory abatement instruments which could include orders, tickets, penalties, or referrals to the ministry's Environmental Enforcement and Compliance Office.

"Summary of Recommendations and Best Practice Issues" convey information that the owner or operating authority should consider implementing in order to advance efforts already in place to address such issues as emergency preparedness, the fulsome availability of information to consumers, and conformance with existing and emerging industry standards. Please note that

items which appear as recommended actions do not, in themselves, constitute violations.

In order to measure individual inspection results, the ministry continues to adhere to an inspection compliance risk framework based on the principles of the Inspection, Investigation & Enforcement (II&E) Secretariat and advice of internal/external risk experts. The Inspection Rating Record (IRR), appended to the inspection report, provides the ministry, the system owner and the local Public Health Unit with a summarized quantitative measure of the drinking water system's annual inspection and regulated water quality testing performance. Please note the IRR methodology document, also appended to the inspection report, describes how the risk model was improved to better reflect any health related and administrative non-compliance issues that may be cited in our inspection reports. IRR ratings are published in the ministry's Chief Drinking Water Inspector's Annual Report. If you have any questions or concerns regarding the rating, please contact Charlie Primeau, Water Compliance Supervisor, at 613-521-3450.

Section 19 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 2002 (Standard of Care) cites a number of obligations of individuals who exercise decision-making authority over municipal drinking water systems. The ministry encourages individuals, particularly municipal councilors, to take steps to be well informed about the drinking water systems over which they have decision-making authority. These steps could include asking for a copy of this inspection report and a review of its findings.

Thank you for the assistance afforded to me during the conduct of the compliance assessment. Should you have any questions regarding the content of the enclosed report, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours truly,

Pat Lalonde

Water Inspector/ / Provincial Officer, Badge No. 1996 Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks Drinking Water and Environmental Compliance Division Ottawa District Office

Tel: 613-363-1652

Email: Patrick.Lalonde@ontario.ca

Enclosure

ec:

-Denis Villeneuve, Supervisor of Water/Wastewater Operations - Municipality of South Dundas,

Email: dvilleneuve@southdundas.com

- Dawn Crump, Process & Compliance Technician Ontario Clean Water Agency, Chesterville Hub, 5 Industrial Dr, Chesterville, ON K0C1H0 Email: dcrump@ocwa.com
- Rami Basha, Program Manager, Safe Water, Program Coordinator, Safe Water Eastern Ontario Health Unit, 1000 Pitt Street, Cornwall, ON K6J 5T1 Email: rbasha@eohu.ca
- Sandra Mancini, Team Lead, Engineering South Nation Conservation, 38 Victoria St., P.O. Box 29, Finch, ON K0C 1K0 Email: smancini@nation.on.ca

c: File SI-ST-SD-AU-540 (2020-2021)



Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks

SOUTH DUNDAS REGIONAL DRINKING WATER SYSTEM Inspection Report

Site Number:220001012Inspection Number:1-NWNJLDate of Inspection:Sep 29, 2020Inspected By:Patrick Lalonde



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OWNER INFORMATION:

Company Name: SOUTH DUNDAS, THE MUNICIPALITY OF Street Number: 34 Unit Identifier:

Street Name: OTTAWA St City: MORRISBURG

Province: ON Postal Code: K0C 1X0

CONTACT INFORMATION

Type: Owner **Name:** Shannon Geraghty **Phone:** (613) 543-2673 **Fax:** (613) 543-1076

Email: sqeraghty@southdundas.com

Title: Chief Administrative Officer - Municipality of South Dundas

Type: Operating Authority Name: Denis Villeneuve Phone: (613) 543-2631 Fax: (613) 543-1076

Email: dvilleneuve@southdundas.com

Title: Supervisor of Water/Wastewater Operations - Municipality of South Dundas

Type: Main Contact **Name:** Dawn Crump **Phone:** (613) 448-3098 **Fax:** (613) 448-1616

Email: dcrump@ocwa.com

Title: Process & Compliance Technician - Seaway Valley Cluster, Ontario Clean Water Agency

Type: Health Unit **Name:** Rami Basha **Phone:** (613) 933-1375 x269 **Fax:** (613) 933-7930

Email: rbasha@eohu.ca

Title: Program Coordinator, Safe Water

Type:Conservation AuthorityName:Sandra ManciniPhone:(613) 984-2948 x223Fax:(613) 984-2872

Email: smancini@nation.on.ca

Title: Team Lead, Engineering - South Nation Conservation

INSPECTION DETAILS:

Site Name: SOUTH DUNDAS REGIONAL DRINKING WATER SYSTEM 99 AUGUSTA Street South MORRISBURG ON K0C 1X0

County/District: SOUTH DUNDAS MECP District/Area Office: Cornwall Area Office

Health Unit: EASTERN ONTARIO HEALTH UNIT

Conservation Authority:

Date of Inspection: 29/09/2020 (dd/mm/yyyy)

MNR Office:

Category: Large Municipal Residential

Site Number: 220001012
Inspection Type: Unannounced
Inspection Number: 1-NWNJL

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Date of Inspection:Sep 29, 2020Date of Previous Inspection:Dec 17, 2019

COMPONENTS DESCRIPTION

Site (Name): MOE DWS Mapping

Type: DWS Mapping Point Sub Type:

Site (Name): WATER TREATMENT PLANT

Type: Other Sub Type: Treatment Facility

Comments:

The South Dundas Regional Water Treatment Plant is owned and operated by the Municipality of South Dundas. The supply and treatment works are located at 99 Augusta Street, Morrisburg. The water treatment plant is a membrane filtration plant that began producing water in May 2006. This plant supplies water to Morrisburg and Iroquois serving a combined population of just under 4,000.

Primary filtration is provided by the ZeeWeed membrane filtration system manufactured by Zenon Environmental Inc. Filtered water is pumped through granular activated carbon (GAC) contactors for taste and odour control. To provide primary disinfection, sodium hypochlorite is injected downstream of the GAC contactors. The water then passes through a chlorine contact chamber and a baffled clearwell into a high lift pumping well all of which are located beneath the water treatment plant. The treated water is pumped into the distribution system via four (4) variable speed vertical turbine high lift pumps.

Site (Name): LOW LIFT STATION

Type: Treated Water POE Sub Type: Surface Water

Comments:

The low lift pumping station is located at 2 Augusta Street, Morrisburg at the site of the previous water treatment plant and is complete with a 100 meter, 450 mm diameter raw water intake pipe and wooden intake structure that extends south of the low lift station into the St. Lawrence River. The zebra mussel control line runs parallel to the raw water intake line and the 32 mm diameter raw water sample pipe extends from the intake structure to the low lift pumping station which supplies a raw unchlorinated sample to the plant laboratory. This system is operated from the main plant by injecting sodium hypochlorite into a potable water line in the chemical feed room which discharges into the zebra mussel control line. The water is pre filtered through one automatic backwashing strainer (duty) and one manual strainer (standby). Water is pumped from the low lift station to the water treatment plant situated approximately 980 meters north of the low lift station along Augusta St. Three low lift pumps are required with two pumps capable of providing peak instantaneous demand with the largest pump out of service. The variable speed pumps and control valves are operated to feed the membrane filtration system at a rate that corresponds with the amount of permeate being produced by the membranes.

External to the low lift building a 175 kW diesel generator with double wall sub-base fuel tank with control panel and sound attenuated enclosure provides backup power to the low lift station building and equipment in case of power failure.

Site (Name): BOOSTER STATION

Type: Other Sub Type: Reservoir

Comments:

The Iroquois Booster Station includes a 282 cubic meter wet well, a new 800 cubic meter in-ground reservoir, 3 vertical turbine pumps, (two existing 50 hp and one new 125 hp), one (1) combined back pressure and solenoid shut-off valve installed in the valve chamber, one (1) residual disinfection system that consists of a panel with mounted metering pumps and controllers and one (1) residual chlorine analyzer. Flow from two small pumps at the booster station plus the Iroquois elevated storage tank is sufficient to provide the year 2022 projection of maximum day



Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks Inspection Report

demand equal to 39.9 L/s (3443 m3/day). The large pump acts as a standby fire pump.

A 350 kW diesel generator, double wall sub-base fuel tank, unit-mounted control panel and sound attenuated enclosure provide backup power to the booster station building and equipment in case of power failure. This generator also supplies backup power to the sewage pumping station which is located just north of the booster station building.

Site (Name): WATER TOWER (Morrisburg)

Type: Other Sub Type: Reservoir

Comments:

A 945 cubic meter steel storage tank is located on the north end of Augusta Street, at the intersection of Augusta and County Road 2. A pressure sensor installed in the tank provides water level information to the operators via the SCADA system. A low level alarm is activated to advise operators if the water level drops below a preset level. When the water level in the tank drops to a preset limit, the pumps at the treatment plant are activated. There are no chlorination facilities at the elevated tank. An overflow pipe is located on the side of the tank that discharges the overflow to the storm sewer.

Site (Name): WATER TOWER (Iroquois)

Type: Other Sub Type: Reservoir

Comments:

A 945 cubic meter steel storage tank is located on Carman Road northwest of the intersection of County Road 2. A pressure sensor installed in the tank provides water level information to the operators via the SCADA system. A low level alarm is activated to advise operators if the water level drops below a preset level. When the water level in the tank drops to a preset limit, the pumps at the treatment plant are activated. There are no chlorination facilities at the elevated tank. An overflow pipe is located on the side of the tank that discharges the overflow to the ground below the tank.

Site (Name): DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Type: Other Sub Type: Other

Comments:

The distribution systems in the Village of Morrisburg and the Village of Iroquois remained virtually unchanged through the construction of the new water treatment plant with the exception of the new 13 Km transmission line that connects the two communities.

A section of the water distribution system in the older part of Morrisburg dates back to shortly before the construction of the current water treatment plant, while the rest of the distribution system was constructed when the village was moved in the late 1950's as part of the St. Lawrence Seaway Project. Distribution system pipes are constructed of various materials (asbestos cement, cast iron, ductile iron, PVC). The more recently developed areas of the Village of Morrisburg and the Village of Iroquois, to the north, are entirely serviced by PVC pipes. The Morrisburg distribution system consists of 110 hydrants and 158 valves. The Village of Iroquois distribution system consists of 110 hydrants and 90 valves.



INSPECTION SUMMARY:

Introduction

The primary focus of this inspection is to confirm compliance with Ministry of the Environment,
Conservation and Parks (MECP) legislation as well as evaluating conformance with ministry drinking water
related policies and guidelines during the inspection period. The ministry utilizes a comprehensive, multibarrier approach in the inspection of water systems that focuses on the source, treatment and distribution
components as well as management practices.

This drinking water system is subject to the legislative requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 2002 (SDWA) and regulations made therein, including Ontario Regulation 170/03, "Drinking Water Systems" (O.Reg. 170/03). This inspection has been conducted pursuant to Section 81 of the SDWA.

This report is based on a "focused" inspection of the system. Although the inspection involved fewer activities than those normally undertaken in a detailed inspection, it contained critical elements required to assess key compliance issues. This system was chosen for a focused inspection because the system's performance met the ministry's criteria, most importantly that there were no deficiencies as identified in O.Reg. 172/03 over the past 3 years. The undertaking of a focused inspection at this drinking water system does not ensure that a similar type of inspection will be conducted at any point in the future.

This inspection report does not suggest that all applicable legislation and regulations were evaluated. It remains the responsibility of the owner to ensure compliance with all applicable legislative and regulatory requirements.

On September 29, 2020, the undersigned Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) Provincial Officer/Water Inspector Pat Lalonde (hereafter referred to as the "Inspector") visited the South Dundas Dinking Water System for the purpose of performing an announced "focused" inspection.

The South Dundas Regional Water Treatment Plant (WTP) and the Water Distribution System (WDS) in the Village of Morrisburg, the Village of Iroquois, the Iroquois Booster Station and elevated storage tanks together comprising the Drinking Water System (DWS) are owned by The Municipality of South Dundas herein referred to as "Owner". The WTP and WDS is also operated and maintained by the Owner's Water and Wastewater division also herein referred the "Operating Authority". The Ontario Clean Water Agency (OCWA) also provides compliance support for the Owner.

The DWS inspection included a physical inspection of the treatment plant, booster station and distribution system. Documentation associated with the operation, maintenance, sampling, testing and monitoring of the DWS was reviewed for the period of December 17, 2019 to September 30, 2020, both on-site at the Morriburg WTP office and at the MECP Office. This period of time will herein also be referred to in the inspection report as the "Inspection Period".

The Inspector was accompanied by Dennis Villeneuve, Supervisor of Water and Wastewater Operations and Vince Lauzon, WTP Operator to gain insight into the operating procedures and best practices employed at the DWS. Dawn Crump from OCWA also assisted the Inspector with provision of the information.

The South Dundas DWS is categorized as a large municipal residential system under Ontario Regulation 170/03 ("Drinking Water Systems" Regulation). This inspection examined compliance with the following in addition to relevant MECP legislation as addressed in specific inspection guestions:

- 1. Municipal Drinking Water Licence (MDWL), number 165-101(Issue Number 2) dated December 15, 2015;
- 2. Drinking Water Works Permit (DWWP), number 165-201 (Issue Number 3) dated October 19, 2018; and



Introduction

- 3. Permit to take Water Number 4362-AAKQNY, dated June 8, 2016 (PTTW); and
- 4. Other documents/records maintained by the owner/operating authority for the inspection period were also reviewed in conjunction with this report.

Source

• The owner did not have a harmful algal bloom monitoring plan in place.

Drinking water systems on a surface water source may experience blue-algae blooms in their source water during the warmer months of the year. The ministry has previously issued guidance via a letter asking systems to monitor for algal blooms.

Between now and August 2021, a new harmful algal bloom monitoring condition will be included in the MDWL when it is renewed. MDWL will now include harmful algal bloom conditions related to monitoring, sampling and reporting. Harmful algal bloom plans may include details relating to:

- Visual monitoring for HABs at or near the drinking water system intake(s);
- Details relating to visual monitoring of shoreline for drinking water systems where the proximity of the intake(s) may be of concern;
- Details relating to reporting the observed or suspected HAB;
- A sampling plan, including the identification of sample location(s) and frequencies and triggers that may increase the sampling frequency; and
- Up-to-date records documenting staff training on the HAB monitoring, reporting, and sampling procedures. During the inspection it was explained by the operating authority that operation staff are aware of HAB's, the intention is to provide more training and awareness. The operating authority explained that they do not currently have a HAB standard operating procedure (SOP).

Although the St-Lawrence River has not indicated HAB presence, it is highly recommend that a SOP be developed for monitoring and responding to potential HAB complaints or concerns. This will be a requirement when the MDWL undergoes a renewal.

Capacity Assessment

 There was sufficient monitoring of flow as required by the Municipal Drinking Water Licence or Drinking Water Works Permit issued under Part V of the SDWA.

During the site inspection, flow meters were observed and operational in accordance with the MDWL Schedule 2.1.1. and 2.1.2. recording the flow rate and daily volume of water that flows into the treatment subsystem and the treated flows from the treatment subsystem into the distribution system.

• The owner was in compliance with the conditions associated with maximum flow rate or the rated capacity conditions in the Municipal Drinking Water Licence issued under Part V of the SDWA.

Section 1.1 of Schedule C of the system's Municipal Drinking Water Licence (MDWL) stipulates that the maximum daily volume of treated water that flows from the subsystem to the distribution system shall not exceed 9,495 m3/day for the WTP.

The Inspector examined the flow rate and volume data measured during the Inspection Period and observed the maximum daily flow for the WTP was 3,739 m3 during February 29, 2019 which represents 39.7% of the rated capacity.

Treatment Processes



• The owner had ensured that all equipment was installed in accordance with Schedule A and Schedule C of the Drinking Water Works Permit.

The DWS equipment listed in Schedule A & C have been cross reference and verified to be connected to the system and operational.

• The owner/operating authority was in compliance with the requirement to prepare Form 1 documents as required by their Drinking Water Works Permit during the inspection period.

A Form 1 is used by the owner of a drinking water system to document watermain additions, modifications, replacements and extensions that do not require a Schedule C application. These forms are required to be kept for a period of ten years and should be available for review by a Provincial Officer upon request. The criteria to be used by the owner/operating authority in determining if a Form 1 is required versus a Schedule C application is found in the DWWP, Schedule B, conditions 3.1 and 3.2.

The Inspector reviewed the provided Form 1 during the inspection and explained the documents provided were recorded on the wrong forms. During the physical inspection, Documents provided were recorded on a Director Notification Form and a Form 2 signed by the Owner on September 14, 2020. During the receipt of documents necessary to facilitate an inspection, a correct Form 1 was provided and signed by an engineer and the Owner.

During a review of the Operation and Maintenance Manual there were no procedure for evaluating undertakings to determine if a Form 1 is required to be completed. It is recommended the Owner/Operating Authority develop an Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) and also create a tracking number/system for all Form 1s and a list of all watermain projects describing if the project was exempt from approval, covered under a Form 1 or covered under a Schedule C application.

• The owner/operating authority was in compliance with the requirement to prepare Form 2 documents as required by their Drinking Water Works Permit during the inspection period.

A Form 2 is to used by the owner of a drinking water system to document minor modifications to the drinking water system as prescribed in Section 4.0 of Schedule B in the DWWP. The verification and documentation are to be recorded on a Form 2 prior to the modified or replaced components being placed into service and retained for a period of ten (10) years by the owner.

The Operating Authority was able to demonstrate that, when required during the inspection period, Form 2 documents were prepared in accordance with their Drinking Water Works Permit. Subsection 4.6.1 defines that it be recorded on a Form 2 prior to the modified or replaced components being placed into service.

 Records indicated that the treatment equipment was operated in a manner that achieved the design capabilities required under Ontario Regulation 170/03 or a Drinking Water Works Permit and/or Municipal Drinking Water Licence issued under Part V of the SDWA at all times that water was being supplied to consumers.

A review of the operational records, including flow rates, chlorine residuals, logbook/facility data entries and the South Dundas Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) on contact time (CT) worst case calculation indicates the system was operated in a manner that achieved the design capabilities.

 Records confirmed that the water treatment equipment which provides chlorination or chloramination for secondary disinfection purposes was operated so that at all times and all locations in the distribution system the chlorine residual was never less than 0.05 mg/l free or 0.25 mg/l combined.

The requirements to maintain a free chlorine residual of 0.05 mg/L is prescribed under the "General obligations" in Schedule 1 to O.Reg 170/03.

Residuals are monitored in the distribution system with continuous online analyzers. Residuals are also monitored in the distribution system when conducting weekly microbiological sampling.



Records reviewed for the inspection period, showed that minimum chlorine residuals monitored in the distribution system by both continuous monitoring equipment and grab samples ranged from 0.48 mg/L to 2.09 mg/L.

 Where an activity has occurred that could introduce contamination, all parts of the drinking water system were not disinfected in accordance with Schedule B, Condition 2.3 of the Drinking Water Works Permit.

Under Section 2 Schedule B of the DWWP 165-201 Issue 3 dated October 19, 2018, the requirements to ensure that all parts of the DWS which are added, modified, extended or taken out of service for inspection, repair or other activities that may lead to contamination shall be disinfected before being put into service in accordance with a procedure approved by the Director or in accordance with the applicable provisions of the following documents:

- a) The ministry's Watermain Disinfection Procedure, effective January 31, 2019;
- b) AWWA C652 Standard for Disinfection of Water-Storage Facilities;
- c) AWWA C653 Standard for Disinfection of Water Treatment Plants; and
- d) AWWA C654 Standard for Disinfection of Wells.

Although the Operating Authority collected bacteriological samples indicating that the new watermain and temporary mains put in place during the inspection period were safe with no traces of contamination, proper recordkeeping and documentation is required to fulfill the requirements under SDWA 31(1)(b). Logbook entries on April 28, 2020, April 30, 2020 and July 17, 2020 did not follow the chlorine concentration listed in Table 1 of the ministry's Watermain Disinfection Proceudre. It was also explained by the overall responsible operator (ORO) that contractors were conducting the disinfection of new watermains and samples were collected by the Operating Authority and the contractor. As defined in the procedure Operating authorities shall use Certified Operators for functions that must be performed by a Certified Operator.

As defined in section 1.1 of the ministry's Watermain Disinfection Procedure, the operating authority shall record the duration of disinfection, as well as the initial dose and remaining residual at the end of the contact time. Records provided did not provide the required documentation. Section 1.1 of The ministry's Watermain Disinfection Procedure prescribes that the backflow protection provisions within ANSI/AWWA Standard C651 shall be mandatory for any work related to this section. It is recommended that a form be created ensure the Watermain Disinfection Procedure requirements are met.

Upon review of the twelve (12) Water and Sewer Main/Service Repair Forms provided on September 29, 2020, It was noticed that some check boxes and information was missing. It is recommended that a review of the form be conducted to ensure proper that documentation is recorded accordingly.

As defined in Section 4 of the ministry's Watermain Disinfection Procedure prescribes the required documentation when performing maintenance and repair activities as per sections 1.4 and 3 of this procedure, the Operating Authority shall maintain records of the following information as a minimum. The information shall be retained as per the record keeping requirements of Section 27 of O. Reg.128/04.

Treatment Process Monitoring

 Primary disinfection chlorine monitoring was conducted at a location approved by Municipal Drinking Water Licence and/or Drinking Water Works Permit issued under Part V of the SDWA, or at/near a location where the intended CT has just been achieved.

Primary disinfection is achieved by membrane filtration followed by chlorination. A continuous free chlorine analyzer is installed to monitor primary disinfection chlorine residuals leaving the clearwell prior to high lift discharge pumps.

The sampling location for the analyzer described above represents the point in the treatment system where the intended CT has been satisfied.

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Date of Inspection: 29/09/2020 (dd/mm/yyyy)



Treatment Process Monitoring

At the time of the physical inspection, the free chlorine analyzer displayed a residual of 1.66 mg/L.

Continuous monitoring of each filter effluent line was being performed for turbidity.

Filter #1, #2, #3 are each equipped with continuous online turbidity analyzers to measure the filter effluent turbidity and filter performance. The turbidity results from both analyzers are transmitted to, trended, and stored by the WTP SCADA system computer.

The secondary disinfectant residual was measured as required for the distribution system.

Secondary disinfection is continuously monitored by a Free chlorine analyzer located at the Morrisburg Sewage Plant and the Iroquois Booster Station. The chlorine residual results are transmitted to, trended, and stored by the SCADA system computer. Additional chlorine residual monitoring are taken when conducting weekly microbiological samples. Residuals are collected and recorded on laboratory chain of custody forms or in the plant log book.

 Operators were examining continuous monitoring test results and they were examining the results within 72 hours of the test.

The South Dundas DWS is staffed Monday to Friday between 7:00am and 3:30pm and a designated on-call person is available after hours and weekends. The SCADA system generates a daily report which is entered in the Monthly Report excel spreadsheet. As part of operator duties data review is to be examined when conducting morning routine inspections. When statutory holidays occur the designated on call person conducts a routine facility inspection and data review during the weekend or within 72 hours.

During the review of the logbooks for the inspection period, the Inspector noted that entries were made in the logbook to document that reviews of continuous analyzer had taken place.

 All continuous monitoring equipment utilized for sampling and testing required by O. Reg.170/03, or Municipal Drinking Water Licence or Drinking Water Works Permit or order, were equipped with alarms or shut-off mechanisms that satisfy the standards described in Schedule 6.

All continuous monitoring equipment utilized for sampling and testing are equipped with alarms or shut-off mechanisms that satisfy the standards described in Schedule 6.

All alarm setpoints used within the DWS are set to provide sufficient time to react to an alarm before it is required to be reported under the legislative requirements.

Continuous monitoring equipment that was being utilized to fulfill O. Reg. 170/03 requirements was
performing tests for the parameters with at least the minimum frequency specified in the Table in Schedule
6 of O. Reg. 170/03 and recording data with the prescribed format.

All continuous monitoring is being recorded with the minimum frequency and results are transmitted to, trended, and stored by the SCADA system. Values are also compiled on the Monthly Report with daily minimum and maximum values.

• All continuous analysers were calibrated, maintained, and operated, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or the regulation.

Operations Manuals

- The operations and maintenance manuals contained plans, drawings and process descriptions sufficient for the safe and efficient operation of the system.
- The operations and maintenance manuals met the requirements of the Drinking Water Works Permit and

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Operations Manuals

Municipal Drinking Water Licence issued under Part V of the SDWA.

The requirements for the O&M Manual are found in Schedule B, condition 16.0 to the MDWL. The content of the O&M Manual provides operations personnel with specific plans, drawings and process descriptions for the operation of the system in question. It is the opinion of Approvals and Licensing that the following information be included as a minimum with regards to the contents of the O&M Manual.

Although it was demonstrated an Operations manual was made available, the South Dundas DWS MDWL 165-101 Issue 2 prescribes the following:

- 16.1 An up-to-date operations and maintenance manual or manuals shall be maintained and applicable parts of the manual or manuals shall be made available for reference by all persons responsible for all or part of the operation or maintenance of the drinking water system.
- 16.2 The operations and maintenance manual or manuals, shall include at a minimum:
- 16.2.1 The requirements of this licence and associated procedures;
- 16.2.2 The requirements of the drinking water works permit for the drinking water system;
- 16.2.3 A description of the processes used to achieve primary and secondary disinfection within the drinking water system, including where applicable:
- a) A copy of the CT calculations that were used as the basis for primary disinfection under worst case operating conditions; and
- b) The validated operating conditions for UV disinfection equipment, including a copy of the validation certificate;
- 16.2.4 Procedures for monitoring and recording the in-process parameters necessary for the control of any treatment subsystem and for assessing the performance of the drinking water system;
- 16.2.5 Procedures for the operation and maintenance of monitoring equipment;
- 16.2.6 Contingency plans and procedures for the provision of adequate equipment and aterial to deal with emergencies, upset conditions and equipment breakdown;
- 16.2.7 Procedures for dealing with complaints related to the drinking water system, including the recording of the nature of the complaint and any investigation and corrective action taken in respect of the complaint;
- 16.2.8 An inspection schedule for all wells associated with the drinking water system, including all production wells, standby wells, test wells and monitoring wells;
- 16.2.9 Well inspection and maintenance procedures for the entire well structure of each well including all above and below grade well components; and
- 16.2.10 Remedial action plans for situations where an inspection indicates noncompliance with respect to regulatory requirements and/or risk to raw well water quality.
- 16.3 Procedures necessary for the operation and maintenance of any alterations to the drinking water system shall be incorporated into the operations and maintenance manual or manuals prior to those alterations coming into operation.
- 16.4 The requirement for the owner to comply with condition 16.2.3 shall come into force on May 16, 2016.

At the time of the inspection it was observed that some procedures were outdated or missing information in the manual. It is the Owner's responsibility to confirm that it contains all components and procedures prescribed by the current MDWL or DWWP.

It is recommended that a review of the O&M be made to ensure it fulfills the requirements described above.

Logbooks

 Records or other record keeping mechanisms confirmed that operational testing not performed by continuous monitoring equipment was being done by a certified operator, water quality analyst, or person who suffices the requirements of O. Reg. 170/03 7-5.

During the inspection a review of the facility daily lab sheets and logbook for recording the results of operational checks and testing were conducted by a certified operator employed by the Operating Authority.



Logbooks

Security

The owner had provided security measures to protect components of the drinking water system.

Fencing and intrusion alarms prevents access to the DWS components. The WTP has intrusion and video surveillance camera which record outdoor activity. All fences are kept intact with locked gates and all exterior hatches locked when staff are not onsite.

Certification and Training

The overall responsible operator had been designated for each subsystem.

The South Dundas DWS is classed as a Class 2 water treatment subsystem and Class 2 water distribution. Denis Villeneuve Operator Certificates, WT Class 2, #49683 (expiry October 31,2023) and WD Class 2 # 58490 (expiry October 31, 2023) is the designated ORO for the South Dundas DWS.

During the absence or unable to act, the designated ORO authorized the following which was identified as ORO in the logbooks during the inspection period:

- Vince Lauzon WT Class 3, #91130 (expiry January 31, 2021) and WS Class 2, #95511 (expiry December 31, 2022)who holds certificates applicable to the type of subsystem.
- John Cameron WT Class 3, #12408 (expiry February 28 2021)

At all times since the last inspection, a designated overall responsible operator of the subsystem was identified in the facility logbook.

- Operators-in-charge had been designated for all subsystems which comprised the drinking water system.
- All operators possessed the required certification.

Section 22 to O.Reg. 128/04 prescribes that the owner or operating authority of a subsystem shall ensure that every operator employed in the subsystem holds:

- A certificate applicable to that subsystem; or
- A certificate applicable to that subsystem, in the case of an operator who holds a conditional certificate issued or renewed under section 10. O.Reg. 128/04.

A review of the operator certification database maintained by the Ontario Water Wastewater Certification Office (OWWCO) against list of operators working in the subsystem was made to ensure that every operator employed in the subsystem (including the overall responsible operator (ORO) and operator in charge (OIC) holds a certificate or a conditional certificate applicable to that subsystem.

• Only certified operators made adjustments to the treatment equipment.

A review of the logbook was conducted by the inspector for the Inspection Period. The information examined during the review of the logbook indicated only certified operators made adjustments to the treatment equipment.

Water Quality Monitoring

All microbiological water quality monitoring requirements for distribution samples were being met.

The South Dundas DWS serves a population of less than 100,000 and as such, at least eight distribution samples, plus one additional distribution sample for every 1,000 people served by the system, are to be taken every month, with at least one of the samples being taken in each week. Each of the samples taken is to be tested for Escherichia coli; and total coliforms. At least 25 per cent of the samples taken are to be tested for general bacteria



Water Quality Monitoring

population expressed as colony counts on a heterotrophic plate count.

During the inspection period, monthly distribution sampling consisted of a range 13 samples per month. These samples were all tested for Escherichia coli (EC) and Total coliform (TC) and greater than 25 % of the samples were tested for Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC).

All microbiological water quality monitoring requirements for treated samples were being met.

During the inspection period, treated water samples were submitted weekly for microbiological analysis (Total coliform, Escherichia coli and Heterotrophic Plate Count).

 All inorganic water quality monitoring requirements prescribed by legislation were conducted within the required frequency.

During the inspection period, records indicate that the treated water was sampled on March 2, 2020 and was analyzed for all Schedule 23 inorganic parameters (previously sampled March 18, 2019). Results indicate that the monitoring requirements were performed within the required frequency.

 All organic water quality monitoring requirements prescribed by legislation were conducted within the required frequency.

During the inspection period, records indicate that the treated water was sampled on March 2, 2020 and was analyzed for all Schedule 24 organic parameters (previously sampled March 18, 2019). Results indicate that the monitoring requirements were performed within the required frequency.

 All haloacetic acid water quality monitoring requirements prescribed by legislation are being conducted within the required frequency and at the required location.

A new Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standard for haloacetic acids (HAA) of 80 ug/L based on a running annual average (RAA) concentration of quarterly results came into effect on January 1, 2020.

The inspector reviewed sampling and testing records for the inspection period and observed water samples were collected quarterly, from a point in the drinking water system distribution system, that is likely to have an elevated potential for the formation HAA and submitted to a licensed laboratory for haloacetic acid testing. The sampling and testing for HAA was conducted October 15, 2019, January 20, 2020, April 2, 2020 July 14, 2020 and July 20, 2020.

The most recent RAA average for the covering Inspection Report is 13.2 ug/L. Records indicate that the samples were collected within the required frequency and at the required location.

 All trihalomethane water quality monitoring requirements prescribed by legislation were conducted within the required frequency and at the required location.

The Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standard (ODWQS or the "Standard") for trihalomethane (THM) is 100 ug/L based on a running annual average (RAA) of four quarterly sampling periods.

Records reviewed during the inspection period indicate that quarterly sampling of the distribution system for THM's was conducted October 15, 2019, January 20, 2020, April 2, 2020 July 14, 2020 and July 20, 2020. Records indicate that the samples were collected within the required frequency and location.

The running annual average THM concentration for the above noted samples taken during the inspection period was 49.5 ug/L.

 All nitrate/nitrite water quality monitoring requirements prescribed by legislation were conducted within the required frequency for the DWS.



Water Quality Monitoring

Records reviewed during the inspection period indicate that quarterly sampling for nitrate and nitrite of the treated water was performed on October 15, 2019, January 20, 2020, April 2, 2020 and July 14, 2020. Records indicate that the samples were collected within the required frequency and location.

The standard for nitrate is 10 mg/L and the standard for nitrite is 1.0 mg/L. A summary of the parameters concentrations measured in the drinking water for the inspection period is summarized below:

Nitrate 0.2 - 0.3 mg/L; Nitrite 0.1 - 0.2 mg/L.

 All sodium water quality monitoring requirements prescribed by legislation were conducted within the required frequency.

Records reviewed during the inspection period indicate that a treated water sample was collected and analyzed for sodium on March 7, 2016 with a result of 15.5 mg/L. A sodium sample must be taken every 60 months (+/- 90days). The next legislative sample is to be collected on March 7, 2021 (+/-90days).

 All fluoride water quality monitoring requirements prescribed by legislation were conducted within the required frequency.

Records reviewed during the inspection period indicate that a treated water sample was collected and analyzed for fluoride on January 14, 2019 with a no detectable result. A fluoride sample must be taken every 60 months (+/-90days). The next legislative sample is to be collected on January 14, 2024 (+/-90days).

 All water quality monitoring requirements imposed by the MDWL or DWWP issued under Part V of the SDWA were being met.

Schedule C 1.5 of MDWL, the filter backwash supernatant discharged into the natural environment sets an annual average concentration of 25 mg/L for suspended solids as defined in Table 3. Schedule C 4.2 of the MDWL and Table 7 prescribes the sampling testing and monitoring requirements.,

Samples are collected manually consisting of a composite sample and collected quarterly from the point of discharge. Records reviewed during the inspection period indicate that the suspended solids results which are analyzed in houe varied between 1 - 9 mg/L which were below the limit.

 Records confirmed that chlorine residual tests were being conducted at the same time and at the same location that microbiological samples were obtained.

The inspector reviewed laboratory sample submissions, chain of custody forms completed for microbiological samples and reports of analysis for those samples for the inspection period. The Operating Authority fulfilled the requirements for recording chlorine residuals at the same time and at the same location that microbiological samples were obtained are prescribed in O.Reg. 170/03 6-3(1).

Water Quality Assessment

• Records showed that all water sample results taken during the inspection review period did not exceed the values of tables 1, 2 and 3 of the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards (O.Reg. 169/03).

Reporting & Corrective Actions

 Where required continuous monitoring equipment used for the monitoring of chlorine residual and/or turbidity triggered an alarm or an automatic shut-off, a qualified person responded in a timely manner and took appropriate actions.

The inspector examined the facility logbook for the inspection period and found that log entries indicated that

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Reporting & Corrective Actions

alarms were responded to in an appropriate manner.

Other Inspection Findings

• The following issues were also noted during the inspection:

1) The Inspector reviewed the provided Form 1 during the inspection and explained the documents provided were recorded on the wrong forms. During the physical inspection, Documents provided were recorded on a Director Notification Form and a Form 2 signed by the Owner on September 14, 2020. During the receipt of documents necessary to facilitate an inspection, a correct Form 1 was provided and signed by an engineer and the Owner.

During a review of the Operation and Maintenance Manual there were no procedure for evaluating undertakings to determine if a Form 1 is required to be completed.

2) At the time of the inspection it was observed that some procedures were outdated or missing information in the O&M. It is the Owner's responsibility to confirm that it contains all components and procedures prescribed by the current MDWL or DWWP.

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Date of Inspection: 29/09/2020 (dd/mm/yyyy)



NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS AND ACTIONS REQUIRED

This section provides a summary of all non-compliance with regulatory requirements identified during the inspection period, as well as actions required to address these issues. Further details pertaining to these items can be found in the body of the inspection report.

1. Where an activity has occurred that could introduce contamination, all parts of the drinking water system were not disinfected in accordance with Schedule B, Condition 2.3 of the Drinking Water Works Permit.

Although the Operating Authority collected bacteriological samples indicating that the new watermain and temporary mains put in place during the inspection period were safe with no traces of contamination, proper recordkeeping and documentation is required to fulfill the requirements under SDWA 31(1)(b). Logbook entries on April 28, 2020, April 30, 2020 and July 17 did not follow the chlorine concentration listed in Table 1 of the ministry's Watermain Disinfection Procedure. It was also explained by the overall responsible operator (ORO) that contractors were conducting the disinfection of new watermains and samples were collected by the Operating Authority and the contractor. As defined in the procedure Operating authorities shall use Certified Operators for functions that must be performed by a Certified Operator.

As defined in section 1.1 of the ministry's Watermain Disinfection Procedure, the operating authority shall record the duration of disinfection, as well as the initial dose and remaining residual at the end of the contact time. Records provided did not provide the required documentation. Section 1.1 of The ministry's Watermain Disinfection Procedure prescribes that the backflow protection provisions within ANSI/AWWA Standard C651 shall be mandatory for any work related to this section. It is recommended that a form be created ensure the Watermain Disinfection Procedure requirements are met.

Action(s) Required:

By no later than January 15, 2020, provide the undersigned Water Inspector with a written Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for his review and acceptance outlining how the requirements of the Ministry's Watermain Disinfection procedure will be met.

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Date of Inspection: 29/09/2020 (dd/mm/yyyy)



SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND BEST PRACTICE ISSUES

This section provides a summary of all recommendations and best practice issues identified during the inspection period. Details pertaining to these items can be found in the body of the inspection report. In the interest of continuous improvement in the interim, it is recommended that owners and operators develop an awareness of the following issues and consider measures to address them.

1. The owner did not have a harmful algal bloom monitoring plan in place.

Between now and August 2021, a new harmful algal bloom monitoring condition will be included in the MDWL when it is renewed. MDWL will now include harmful algal bloom conditions related to monitoring, sampling and reporting. Harmful algal bloom plans may include details relating to:

- Visual monitoring for HABs at or near the drinking water system intake(s);
- Details relating to visual monitoring of shoreline for drinking water systems where the proximity of the intake(s) may be of concern;
- Details relating to reporting the observed or suspected HAB;
- A sampling plan, including the identification of sample location(s) and frequencies and triggers that may increase the sampling frequency; and
- Up-to-date records documenting staff training on the HAB monitoring, reporting, and sampling procedures. During the inspection it was explained by the operating authority that operation staff are aware of HAB's, the intention is to provide more training and awareness. The operating authority explained that they do not currently have a HAB standard operating procedure (SOP).

Recommendation:

Although the St-Lawrence River has not indicated HAB presence, it is highly recommend that a SOP be developed for monitoring and responding to potential HAB complaints or concerns. This will be a requirement when the MDWL undergoes a renewal.

2. The following issues were also noted during the inspection:

1) The Inspector reviewed the provided Form 1 during the inspection and explained the documents provided were recorded on the wrong forms. During the physical inspection, Documents provided were recorded on a Director Notification Form and a Form 2 signed by the Owner on September 14, 2020. During the receipt of documents necessary to facilitate an inspection, a correct Form 1 was provided and signed by an engineer and the Owner.

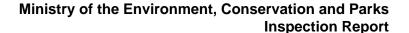
During a review of the Operation and Maintenance Manual there were no procedure for evaluating undertakings to determine if a Form 1 is required to be completed.

2) At the time of the inspection it was observed that some procedures were outdated or missing information in the O&M. It is the Owner's responsibility to confirm that it contains all components and procedures prescribed by the current MDWL or DWWP.

Recommendation:

- 1) It is recommended the Owner/Operating Authority develop an Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) and also create a tracking number/system for all Form 1s and a list of all watermain projects describing if the project was exempt from approval, covered under a Form 1 or covered under a Schedule C application.
- 2) It is recommended that a review of the O&M manual be made to ensure it fulfills the requirements prescribed in Section 16 of the MDWL .

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SIGNATURES

Inspected By: Signature: (Provincial Officer)

Patrick Lalonde

Reviewed & Approved By: Signature: (Supervisor)

Charlie Primeau

Review & Approval Date: 14/12/2020

Note: This inspection does not in any way suggest that there is or has been compliance with applicable legislation and regulations as they apply or may apply to this facility. It is, and remains, the responsibility of the owner and/or operating authority to ensure compliance with all applicable legislative and regulatory requirements.



APPENDIX A

INSPECTION RATING RECORD AND METHODOLOGY

Ministry of the Environment - Inspection Summary Rating Record (Reporting Year - 2020-2021)

DWS Name: SOUTH DUNDAS REGIONAL DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

DWS Number: 220001012

DWS Owner: South Dundas, The Municipality Of

Municipal Location: South Dundas

Regulation: O.REG 170/03

Category: Large Municipal Residential System

Type Of Inspection: Focused

Inspection Date: September 29, 2020 **Ministry Office:** Cornwall Area Office

Maximum Question Rating: 465

Inspection Module	Non-Compliance Rating
Capacity Assessment	0 / 30
Treatment Processes	21 / 85
Operations Manuals	0 / 28
Logbooks	0 / 14
Certification and Training	0 / 42
Water Quality Monitoring	0 / 112
Reporting & Corrective Actions	0 / 21
Treatment Process Monitoring	0 / 133
TOTAL	21 / 465

Inspection Risk Rating 4.52%

FINAL INSPECTION RATING: 95.48%

Ministry of the Environment - Detailed Inspection Rating Record (Reporting Year - 2020-2021)

DWS Name: SOUTH DUNDAS REGIONAL DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

DWS Number: 220001012

DWS Owner: South Dundas, The Municipality Of

Municipal Location: South Dundas

Regulation: O.REG 170/03

Category: Large Municipal Residential System

Type Of Inspection: Focused

Inspection Date: September 29, 2020 **Ministry Office:** Cornwall Area Office

Non-compliant Question(s)	Question Rating
Treatment Processes	
Are all parts of the drinking water system, including new, or where an activity has occurred that could introduce contamination (e.g. that are taken out of service for inspection, repair), disinfected in accordance with a procedure listed in Schedule B, Condition 2.3 of the Drinking Water Works Permit?	21
TOTAL QUESTION RATING	21

Maximum Question Rating: 465

Inspection Risk Rating 4.52%

FINAL INSPECTION RATING: 95.48%

APPLICATION OF THE RISK METHODOLOGY

USED FOR MEASURING MUNICIPAL RESIDENTIAL DRINKING WATER SYSTEM INSPECTION RESULTS



The Ministry of the Environment (MOE) has a rigorous and comprehensive inspection program for municipal residential drinking water systems (MRDWS). Its objective is to determine the compliance of MRDWS with requirements under the Safe Drinking Water Act and associated regulations. It is the responsibility of the municipal residential drinking water system owner to ensure their drinking water systems are in compliance with all applicable legal requirements.

This document describes the risk rating methodology, which has been applied to the findings of the Ministry's MRDWS inspection results since fiscal year 2008-09. The primary goals of this assessment are to encourage ongoing improvement of these systems and to establish a way to measure this progress.

MOE reviews the risk rating methodology every three years.

The Ministry's Municipal Residential Drinking Water Inspection Protocol contains 15 inspection modules consisting of approximately 100 regulatory questions. Those protocol questions are also linked to definitive guidance that ministry inspectors use when conducting MRDWS inspections.

ontario.ca/drinkingwater



The questions address a wide range of regulatory issues, from administrative procedures to drinking water quality monitoring. The inspection protocol also contains a number of non-regulatory questions.

A team of drinking water specialists in the ministry assessed each of the inspection protocol regulatory questions to determine the risk (not complying with the regulation) to the delivery of safe drinking water. This assessment was based on established provincial risk assessment principles, with each question receiving a risk rating referred to as the Question Risk Rating. Based on the number of areas where a system is deemed to be non-compliant during the inspection, and the significance of these areas to administrative, environmental, and health consequences, a risk-based inspection rating is calculated by the ministry for each drinking water system.

It is important to be aware that an inspection rating less than 100 per cent does not mean the drinking water from the system is unsafe. It shows areas where a system's operation can improve. The ministry works with owners and operators of systems to make sure they know what they need to do to achieve full compliance.

The inspection rating reflects the inspection results of the specific drinking water system for the reporting year. Since the methodology is applied consistently over a period of years, it serves as a comparative measure both provincially and in relation to the individual system. Both the drinking water system and the public are able to track the performance over time, which encourages continuous improvement and allows systems to identify specific areas requiring attention.

The ministry's annual inspection program is an important aspect of our drinking water safety net. The ministry and its partners share a common commitment to excellence and we continue to work toward the goal of 100 per cent regulatory compliance.

Determining Potential to Compromise the Delivery of Safe Water

The risk management approach used for MRDWS is aligned with the Government of Ontario's Risk Management Framework. Risk management is a systematic approach to identifying potential hazards, understanding the likelihood and consequences of the hazards, and taking steps to reduce their risk if necessary and as appropriate.

The Risk Management Framework provides a formula to be used in the determination of risk:

RISK = LIKELIHOOD × CONSEQUENCE (of the consequence)

Every regulatory question in the inspection protocol possesses a likelihood value (L) for an assigned consequence value (C) as described in **Table 1** and **Table 2**.

TABLE 1:	
Likelihood of Consequence Occurring	Likelihood Value
0% - 0.99% (Possible but Highly Unlikely)	L = 0
1 – 10% (Unlikely)	L = 1
11 – 49% (Possible)	L = 2
50 – 89% (Likely)	L = 3
90 – 100% (Almost Certain)	L = 4

TABLE 2:	
Consequence	Consequence Value
Medium Administrative Consequence	C = 1
Major Administrative Consequence	C = 2
Minor Environmental Consequence	C = 3
Minor Health Consequence	C = 4
Medium Environmental Consequence	C = 5
Major Environmental Consequence	C = 6
Medium Health Consequence	C = 7
Major Health Consequence	C = 8

The consequence values (0 through 8) are selected to align with other risk-based programs and projects currently under development or in use within the ministry as outlined in **Table 2**.

The Question Risk Rating for each regulatory inspection question is derived from an evaluation of every identified consequence and its corresponding likelihood of occurrence:

- All levels of consequence are evaluated for their potential to occur
- Greatest of all the combinations is selected.

The Question Risk Rating quantifies the risk of non-compliance of each question relative to the others. Questions with higher values are those with a potentially more significant impact on drinking water safety and a higher likelihood of occurrence. The highest possible value would be $32 (4 \times 8)$ and the lowest would be $0 (0 \times 1)$.

Table 3 presents a sample question showing the risk rating determination process.

TABLE 3:							
Does the Opera	tor in Charge en	sure that the equ	ipment and pro	cesses are monit	tored, inspected	and evaluated?	
		I	Risk = Likelihoo	d × Consequence	9		
C=1	C=2	C=3	C=4	C=5	C=6	C=7	C=8
Medium Administrative Consequence	Major Administrative Consequence	Minor Environmental Consequence	Minor Health Consequence	Medium Environmental Consequence	Major Environmental Consequence	Medium Health Consequence	Major Health Consequence
L=4 (Almost Certain)	L=1 (Unlikely	L=2 (Possible)	L=3 (Likely)	L=3 (Likely)	L=1 (Unlikely	L=3 (Likely)	L=2 (Possible)
R=4	R=2	R=6	R=12	R=15	R=6	R=21	R=16

Application of the Methodology to Inspection Results

Based on the results of a MRDWS inspection, an overall inspection risk rating is calculated. During an inspection, inspectors answer the questions related to regulatory compliance and input their "yes", "no" or "not applicable" responses into the Ministry's Laboratory and Waterworks Inspection System (LWIS) database. A "no" response indicates noncompliance. The maximum number of regulatory questions asked by an inspector varies by: system (i.e., distribution, stand-alone); type of inspection (i.e., focused, detailed); and source type (i.e., groundwater, surface water).

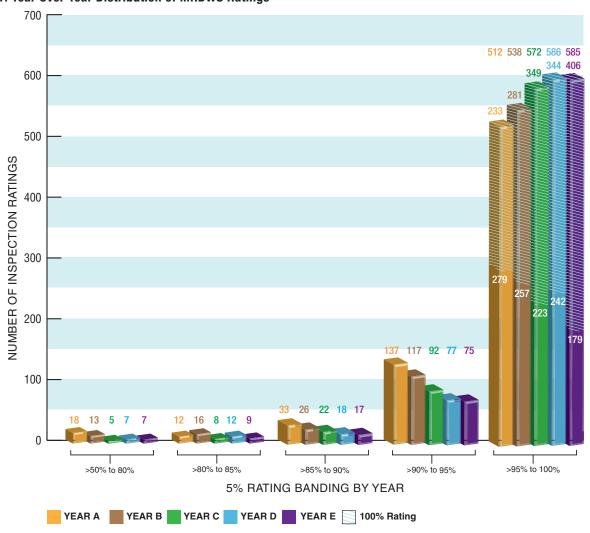
The risk ratings of all non-compliant answers are summed and divided by the sum of the risk ratings of all questions asked (maximum question rating). The resulting inspection risk rating (as a percentage) is subtracted from 100 per cent to arrive at the final inspection rating.

Application of the Methodology for Public Reporting

The individual MRDWS Total Inspection Ratings are published with the ministry's Chief Drinking Water Inspector's Annual Report.

Figure 1 presents the distribution of MRDWS ratings for a sample of annual inspections. Individual drinking water systems can compare against all the other inspected facilities over a period of inspection years.

Figure 1: Year Over Year Distribution of MRDWS Ratings



Reporting Results to MRDWS Owners/Operators

A summary of inspection findings for each system is generated in the form of an Inspection Rating Record (IRR). The findings are grouped into the 15 possible modules of the inspection protocol,

which would provide the system owner/operator with information on the areas where they need to improve. The 15 modules are:

- 1. Source
- 2. Permit to Take Water
- 3. Capacity Assessment
- 4. Treatment Processes
- 5. Treatment Process Monitoring
- 6. Process Wastewater
- 7. Distribution System
- 8. Operations Manuals
- 9. Logbooks
- 10. Contingency and Emergency Planning
- 11. Consumer Relations
- 12. Certification and Training
- 13. Water Quality Monitoring
- 14. Reporting, Notification and Corrective Actions
- 15. Other Inspection Findings

For further information, please visit www.ontario.ca/drinkingwater



APPENDIX B

DRINKING WATER LICENCE AND WORKS PERMIT



MUNICIPAL DRINKING WATER LICENCE

Licence Number: 165-101 Issue Number: 2

Pursuant to the *Safe Drinking Water Act*, 2002, S.O. 2002, c. 32, and the regulations made thereunder and subject to the limitations thereof, this municipal drinking water licence is issued under Part V of the *Safe Drinking Water Act*, 2002, S.O. 2002, c. 32 to:

Municipality of South Dundas

34 Ottawa Street Box740
Morrisburg
Ontario
K0C 1X0

For the following municipal residential drinking water system:

South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System

December

This municipal drinking water licence includes the following:

Schedule	Description
Schedule A	Drinking Water System Information
Schedule B	General Conditions
Schedule C	System-Specific Conditions
Schedule D	Conditions for Relief from Regulatory Requirements
Schedule E	Pathogen Log Removal/Inactivation Credits

DATED at TORONTO this 15th day of December 2015.

Signature

Aziz Ahmed, P.Eng.

Hhmed

Cabadula

Director Part V, Safe Drinking Water Act, 2002

Schedule A: Drinking Water System Information

System Owner	Municipality of South Dundas
Licence Number	165-101
Drinking Water System Name	South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System
Schedule A Issue Date	December 15, 2015

The following information is applicable to the above drinking water system and forms part of this licence:

Licence

Licence Issue Date	December 15, 2015
Licence Expiry Date	December 14, 2020
Application for Licence Renewal Date	June 14, 2020

Drinking Water Works Permit

Drinking Water System Name	Permit Number	Issue Date
South Dundas Regional Drinking Water	165-201	December 15, 2015
System		

Permits to Take Water

Water Taking Location	Permit Number	Issue Date
St. Lawrence River	7756-6E7GET	July 12, 2005

Financial Plans

The Financial Plan Number for the Financial Plan required to be developed for this drinking water system in accordance with O. Reg. 453/07 shall be:	165-301
Alternately, if one Financial Plan is developed for all drinking water systems owned by the owner, the Financial Plan Number shall be:	165-301A

Accredited Operating Authority

Drinking Water System or Operational Subsystems	Accredited Operating Authority	Operational Plan No.	Operating Authority No.
South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System	Municipality of South Dundas	165-401	165-OA1

Schedule B: General Conditions

System Owner	Municipality of South Dundas	
Licence Number	165-101	
Drinking Water System Name	South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System	
Schedule B Issue Date	December 15, 2015	

1.0 Definitions

- 1.1 Words and phrases not defined in this licence and the associated drinking water works permit shall be given the same meaning as those set out in the SDWA and any regulations made in accordance with that act, unless the context requires otherwise.
- 1.2 In this licence and the associated drinking water works permit:

"adverse effect", "contaminant" and "natural environment" shall have the same meanings as in the EPA;

"alteration" may include the following in respect of this drinking water system:

- (a) An addition to the system,
- (b) A modification of the system,
- (c) A replacement of part of the system, and
- (d) An extension of the system;

"compound of concern" means a contaminant that, based on generally available information, may be emitted from a component of the drinking water system to the atmosphere in a quantity that is significant either in comparison to the relevant point of impingement limit or if a point of impingement limit is not available for the compound, then based on generally available toxicological information, the compound has the potential to cause an adverse effect as defined by the EPA at a point of impingement;

"Director" means a Director appointed pursuant to section 6 of the SDWA for the purposes of Part V of the SDWA;

"drinking water works permit" means the drinking water works permit for the drinking water system, as identified in Schedule A of this licence and as amended from time to time:

"emission summary table" means the table that was prepared by a Professional Engineer in accordance with O. Reg. 419/05 and the procedure document listing the appropriate point of impingement concentrations of each compound of concern emitted from a component of the drinking water system and providing comparison to the corresponding point of impingement limit;

"EPA" means the Environmental Protection Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. E.19;

"financial plan" means the financial plan required by O. Reg. 453/07;

"licence" means this municipal drinking water licence for the municipal drinking water system identified in Schedule A of this licence;

"operational plan" means an operational plan developed in accordance with the Director's Directions – Minimum Requirements for Operational Plans made under the authority of subsection 15(1) of the SDWA;

"owner" means the owner of the drinking water system as identified in Schedule A of this licence:

"permit to take water" means the permit to take water that is associated with the taking of water for purposes of the operation of the drinking water system, as identified in Schedule A of this licence and as amended from time to time;

"point of impingement" means any point in the natural environment that is not on the same property as the source of the contaminant and as defined by section 2 of O. Reg. 419/05;

"point of impingement limit" means the appropriate standard from Schedule 1, 2 or 3 of O. Reg. 419/05 and if a standard is not provided for a compound of concern, the appropriate criteria listed in the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change publication titled "Summary of Standards and Guidelines to support Ontario Regulation 419: Air Pollution – Local Air Quality (including Schedule 6 of O. Reg. 419 on Upper Risk Thresholds)", dated February 2008, as amended;

"procedure document" means the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change procedure titled "Procedure for Preparing an Emission Summary and Dispersion Modelling Report" dated July 2005, as amended;

"Professional Engineer" means a Professional Engineer who has been licenced to practice in the Province of Ontario;

"provincial officer" means a provincial officer appointed pursuant to section 8 of the SDWA;

"publication NPC-300" means the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change publication titled "Environmental Noise Guideline: Stationary and Transportation Sources – Approval and Planning" dated August 2013, as amended;

"SDWA" means the Safe Drinking Water Act, 2002, S.O. 2002, c. 32;

"sensitive populations" means any one or a combination of the following locations where the health effects of nitrogen oxides emissions from emergency generators shall be considered using the point of impingement limit instead of the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change screening level for emergency generators:

- (a) health care units (e.g., hospitals and nursing homes),
- (b) primary/junior public schools,
- (c) day-care facilities, and
- (d) playgrounds;

"subsystem" has the same meaning as in Ontario Regulation 128/04 (Certification of Drinking Water System Operators and Water Quality Analysts);

"surface water" means water bodies (lakes, wetlands, ponds - including dug-outs), water courses (rivers, streams, water-filled drainage ditches), infiltration trenches, and areas of seasonal wetlands;

2.0 Applicability

2.1 In addition to any other requirements, the drinking water system identified above shall be established, altered and operated in accordance with the conditions of the drinking water works permit and this licence.

3.0 Licence Expiry

3.1 This licence expires on the date identified as the licence expiry date in Schedule A of this licence.

4.0 Licence Renewal

4.1 Any application to renew this licence shall be made on or before the date identified as the application for licence renewal date set out in Schedule A of this licence.

5.0 Compliance

5.1 The owner and operating authority shall ensure that any person authorized to carry out work on or to operate any aspect of the drinking water system has been informed of the SDWA, all applicable regulations made in accordance with that act, the drinking water works permit and this licence and shall take all reasonable measures to ensure any such person complies with the same.

6.0 Licence and Drinking Water Works Permit Availability

6.1 At least one copy of this licence and the drinking water works permit shall be stored in such a manner that they are readily viewable by all persons involved in the operation of the drinking water system.

7.0 Permit to Take Water and Drinking Water Works Permit

- **7.1** A permit to take water identified in Schedule A of this licence is the applicable permit on the date identified as the Schedule A Issue Date.
- 7.2 A drinking water works permit identified in Schedule A of this licence is the applicable permit on the date identified as the Schedule A Issue Date.

8.0 Financial Plan

- **8.1** For every financial plan prepared in accordance with subsections 2(1) and 3(1) of O. Reg. 453/07, the owner of the drinking water system shall:
 - 8.1.1 Ensure that the financial plan contains on the front page of the financial plan, the appropriate financial plan number as set out in Schedule A of this licence; and
 - 8.1.2 Submit a copy of the financial plan to the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing within three (3) months of receiving approval by a resolution of municipal council or the governing body of the owner.

9.0 Interpretation

- **9.1** Where there is a conflict between the provisions of this licence and any other document, the following hierarchy shall be used to determine the provision that takes precedence:
 - 9.1.1 The SDWA;
 - 9.1.2 A condition imposed in this licence that explicitly overrides a prescribed regulatory requirement;
 - 9.1.3 A condition imposed in the drinking water works permit that explicitly overrides a prescribed regulatory requirement;
 - 9.1.4 Any regulation made under the SDWA;
 - 9.1.5 Any provision of this licence that does not explicitly override a prescribed regulatory requirement;
 - 9.1.6 Any provision of the drinking water works permit that does not explicitly override a prescribed regulatory requirement;
 - 9.1.7 Any application documents listed in this licence, or the drinking water works permit from the most recent to the earliest; and
 - 9.1.8 All other documents listed in this licence, or the drinking water works permit from the most recent to the earliest.
- 9.2 If any requirement of this licence or the drinking water works permit is found to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining requirements of this licence and the drinking water works permit shall continue to apply.

- **9.3** The issuance of and compliance with the conditions of this licence and the drinking water works permit does not:
 - 9.3.1 Relieve any person of any obligation to comply with any provision of any applicable statute, regulation or other legal requirement, including the *Environmental Assessment Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. E.18; and
 - 9.3.2 Limit in any way the authority of the appointed Directors and provincial officers of the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change to require certain steps be taken or to require the owner to furnish any further information related to compliance with the conditions of this licence or the drinking water works permit.
- **9.4** For greater certainty, nothing in this licence or the drinking water works permit shall be read to provide relief from regulatory requirements in accordance with section 46 of the SDWA, except as expressly provided in the licence or the drinking water works permit.

10.0 Adverse Effects

- 10.1 Nothing in this licence or the drinking water works permit shall be read as to permit:
 - 10.1.1 The discharge of a contaminant into the natural environment that causes or is likely to cause an adverse effect; or
 - 10.1.2 The discharge of any material of any kind into or in any waters or on any shore or bank thereof or into or in any place that may impair the quality of the water of any waters.
- All reasonable steps shall be taken to minimize and ameliorate any adverse effect on the natural environment or impairment of the quality of water of any waters resulting from the operation of the drinking water system including such accelerated or additional monitoring as may be necessary to determine the nature and extent of the effect or impairment.
- **10.3** Fulfillment of one or more conditions imposed by this licence or the drinking water works permit does not eliminate the requirement to fulfill any other condition of this licence or the drinking water works permit.

11.0 Change of Owner or Operating Authority

- **11.1** This licence is not transferable without the prior written consent of the Director.
- 11.2 The owner shall notify the Director in writing at least 30 days prior to a change of any operating authority identified in Schedule A of this licence.
 - 11.2.1 Where the change of operating authority is the result of an emergency situation, the owner shall notify the Director in writing of the change as soon as practicable.

12.0 Information to be Provided

Any information requested by a Director or a provincial officer concerning the drinking water system and its operation, including but not limited to any records required to be kept by this licence or the drinking water works permit, shall be provided upon request.

13.0 Records Retention

13.1 Except as otherwise required in this licence or the drinking water works permit, any records required by or created in accordance with this licence or the drinking water works permit, other than the records specifically referenced in section 12 of O. Reg. 170/03, shall be retained for at least 5 years and made available for inspection by a provincial officer, upon request.

14.0 Chemicals and Materials

- All chemicals and materials used in the alteration or operation of the drinking water system that come into contact with water within the system shall meet all applicable standards set by both the American Water Works Association ("AWWA") and the American National Standards Institute ("ANSI") safety criteria standards NSF/60, NSF/61 and NSF/372.
 - 14.1.1 In the event that the standards are updated, the owner may request authorization from the Director to use any on hand chemicals and materials that previously met the applicable standards.
 - 14.1.2 The requirement for the owner to comply with NSF/372 shall come into force no later than December 16, 2017.
- 14.2 The most current chemical and material product registration documentation from a testing institution accredited by either the Standards Council of Canada or by the American National Standards Institution ("ANSI") shall be available at all times for each chemical and material used in the operation of the drinking water system that comes into contact with water within the system.
- **14.3** Conditions 14.1 and 14.2 do not apply in the case of the following:
 - 14.3.1 Water pipe and pipe fittings meeting AWWA specifications made from ductile iron, cast iron, PVC, fibre and/or steel wire reinforced cement pipe or high density polyethylene (HDPE);
 - 14.3.2 Articles made from stainless steel, glass, HDPE or Teflon®;
 - 14.3.3 Cement mortar for watermain lining and for water contacting surfaces of concrete structures made from washed aggregates and Portland cement;
 - 14.3.4 Gaskets that are made from NSF approved materials;
 - 14.3.5 Food grade oils and lubricants, food grade anti-freeze, and other food grade chemicals and materials that are compatible for drinking water use; or

14.3.6 Any particular chemical or material where the owner has written documentation signed by the Director that indicates that the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change is satisfied that the chemical or material is acceptable for use within the drinking water system and the chemical or material is only used as permitted by the documentation.

15.0 Drawings

- 15.1 All drawings and diagrams in the possession of the owner that show any treatment subsystem as constructed shall be retained by the owner unless the drawings and diagrams are replaced by a revised or updated version showing the subsystem as constructed subsequent to the alteration.
- 15.2 Any alteration to any treatment subsystem shall be incorporated into process flow diagrams, process and instrumentation diagrams, and record drawings and diagrams within one year of the substantial completion of the alteration.
- 15.3 Process flow diagrams and process and instrumentation diagrams for any treatment subsystem shall be kept in a place, or made available in such a manner, that they may be readily viewed by all persons responsible for all or part of the operation of the drinking water system.

16.0 Operations and Maintenance Manual

- An up-to-date operations and maintenance manual or manuals shall be maintained and applicable parts of the manual or manuals shall be made available for reference by all persons responsible for all or part of the operation or maintenance of the drinking water system.
- **16.2** The operations and maintenance manual or manuals, shall include at a minimum:
 - 16.2.1 The requirements of this licence and associated procedures;
 - 16.2.2 The requirements of the drinking water works permit for the drinking water system;
 - 16.2.3 A description of the processes used to achieve primary and secondary disinfection within the drinking water system, including where applicable:
 - a) A copy of the CT calculations that were used as the basis for primary disinfection under worst case operating conditions; and
 - b) The validated operating conditions for UV disinfection equipment, including a copy of the validation certificate;
 - 16.2.4 Procedures for monitoring and recording the in-process parameters necessary for the control of any treatment subsystem and for assessing the performance of the drinking water system;

- 16.2.5 Procedures for the operation and maintenance of monitoring equipment;
- 16.2.6 Contingency plans and procedures for the provision of adequate equipment and material to deal with emergencies, upset conditions and equipment breakdown;
- 16.2.7 Procedures for dealing with complaints related to the drinking water system, including the recording of the nature of the complaint and any investigation and corrective action taken in respect of the complaint;
- 16.2.8 An inspection schedule for all wells associated with the drinking water system, including all production wells, standby wells, test wells and monitoring wells;
- 16.2.9 Well inspection and maintenance procedures for the entire well structure of each well including all above and below grade well components; and
- 16.2.10 Remedial action plans for situations where an inspection indicates noncompliance with respect to regulatory requirements and/or risk to raw well water quality.
- 16.3 Procedures necessary for the operation and maintenance of any alterations to the drinking water system shall be incorporated into the operations and maintenance manual or manuals prior to those alterations coming into operation.
- **16.4** The requirement for the owner to comply with condition 16.2.3 shall come into force on May 16, 2016.

Schedule C: System-Specific Conditions

System Owner	Municipality of South Dundas		
Licence Number	165-101		
Drinking Water System Name	South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System		
Schedule C Issue Date	December 15, 2015		

1.0 System Performance

Rated Capacity

1.1 For each treatment subsystem listed in column 1 of Table 1, the maximum daily volume of treated water that flows from the treatment subsystem to the distribution system shall not exceed the value identified as the rated capacity in column 2 of the same row.

Table 1: Rated Capacity		
Column 1 Column 2		
Treatment Subsystem Name	Rated Capacity (m³/day)	
South Dundas Regional Drinking Water Treatment Plant	9495	

Maximum Flow Rates

1.2 For each treatment subsystem listed in column 1 of Table 2, the maximum flow rate of water that flows into a treatment subsystem component listed in column 2 shall not exceed the value listed in column 3 of the same row.

Table 2: Maximum Flow Rates				
Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Treatment Subsystem Name Treatment Subsystem Component Maximum Flow Rate (L/s)				
South Dundas Regional Drinking Water Membrane Filtration 158.6 Treatment Plant				

- 1.3 Despite conditions 1.1 and 1.2, a treatment subsystem may be operated temporarily at a maximum daily volume and/or a maximum flow rate above the values set out in column 2 of Table 1 and column 3 of Table 2 respectively for the purposes of fighting a large fire or for the maintenance of the drinking water system.
- 1.4 Condition 1.3 does not authorize the discharge into the distribution system of any water that does not meet all of the requirements of this licence and all other regulatory requirements, including compliance with the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards.

Residue Management

- 1.5 In respect of an effluent discharged into the natural environment from a treatment subsystem or treatment subsystem component listed in column 1 of Table 3:
 - 1.5.1 The annual average concentration of a test parameter identified in column 2 shall not exceed the value in column 3 of the same row; and
 - 1.5.2 The maximum concentration of a test parameter identified in column 2 shall not exceed the value in column 4 of the same row.

Table 3: Residue Management					
Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Treatment Subsystem or Treatment Subsystem Component Name Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Annual Average Maximum Concentration (mg/L) Concentration (mg/L)					
Backwash wastewater facilities Suspended Solids 25 Not Applicable					

UV Disinfection Equipment Performance

- **1.6** For each treatment subsystem or treatment subsystem component listed in column 1 of Table 4, and while directing water to the distribution system:
 - 1.6.1 The UV disinfection equipment shall be operated such that a continuous pass-through UV dose is maintained throughout the life time of the UV lamp(s) that is at least the minimum continuous pass-through UV dose set out in column 2 of the same row at the maximum design flow rate for the equipment;
 - 1.6.2 In addition to any other sampling, analysis and recording that may be required, the ultraviolet light disinfection equipment shall test for the test parameters set out in column 4 of the same row at a testing frequency of once every five (5) minutes or less and record the test data at a recording frequency of once every four (4) hours or less;
 - 1.6.3 If there is a UV disinfection equipment alarm, the test parameters set out in column 4 of the same row shall be recorded at a recording frequency of once every five minutes or less until the alarm condition has been corrected;
 - 1.6.4 A monthly summary report shall be prepared at the end of each calendar month which sets out the time, date and duration of each UV equipment alarm, the volume of water treated during each alarm period and the actions taken by the operating authority to correct the alarm situation;

Table 4: UV Disinfection Equipment				
Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Treatment Subsystem or Treatment Subsystem Component Name (mJ/cm²) Column 3 Column 4 Tolumn 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Test Parameter Test Parameter				
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	

2.0 Flow Measurement and Recording Requirements

- 2.1 For each treatment subsystem identified in column 1 of Table 1 and in addition to any other flow measurement and recording that may be required, continuous flow measurement and recording shall be undertaken for:
 - 2.1.1 The flow rate and daily volume of treated water that flows from the treatment subsystem to the distribution system.
 - 2.1.2 The flow rate and daily volume of water that flows into the treatment subsystem.
- 2.2 For each treatment subsystem component identified in column 2 of Table 2 and in addition to any other flow measurement and recording that may be required, continuous flow measurement and recording shall be undertaken for the flow rate and daily volume of water that flows into the treatment subsystem component.
- 2.3 Where a rated capacity from Table 1 or a maximum flow rate from Table 2 is exceeded, the following shall be recorded:
 - 2.3.1 The difference between the measured amount and the applicable rated capacity or maximum flow rate specified in Table 1 or Table 2;
 - 2.3.2 The time and date of the measurement;
 - 2.3.3 The reason for the exceedance; and
 - 2.3.4 The duration of time that lapses between the applicable rated capacity or maximum flow rate first being exceeded and the next measurement where the applicable rated capacity or maximum flow rate is no longer exceeded.

3.0 Calibration of Flow Measuring Devices

3.1 All flow measuring devices that are required by regulation, by a condition in the Drinking Water Works Permit, or by a condition otherwise imposed by the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, shall be checked and calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

- 3.2 If the manufacturer's instructions do not indicate how often to check and calibrate a flow measuring device, the equipment shall be checked and calibrated at least once every 12 months during which the drinking water system is in operation.
 - 3.2.1 For greater certainty, if condition 3.2 applies, the equipment shall be checked and calibrated not more than 30 days after the first anniversary of the day the equipment was checked and calibrated in the previous 12-month period.

4.0 Additional Sampling, Testing and Monitoring

Drinking Water Health and Non-Health Related Parameters

4.1 For each treatment subsystem or treatment subsystem component identified in column 1 of Tables 5 and 6 and in addition to any other sampling, testing and monitoring that may be required, sampling, testing and monitoring shall be undertaken for a test parameter listed in column 2 at the sampling frequency listed in column 3 and at the monitoring location listed in column 4 of the same row.

Table 5: Drinking Water Health Related Parameters				
Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Treatment Subsystem or Treatment Subsystem Component Name Column 2 Sampling Frequency Monitoring Location				
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	

Tal	Table 6: Drinking Water Non-Health Related Parameters				
Column 1 Treatment Subsystem or Treatment Subsystem Component Name	Treatment Subsystem or Test Parameter Sampling Frequency Monitoring Location Treatment Subsystem				
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		

Environmental Discharge Parameters

- 4.2 For each treatment subsystem or treatment subsystem component identified in column 1 of Table 7 and in addition to any other sampling, testing and monitoring that may be required, sampling, testing and monitoring shall be undertaken for a test parameter listed in column 2 using the sample type identified in column 3 at the sampling frequency listed in column 4 and at the monitoring location listed in column 5 of the same row.
- **4.3** For the purposes of Table 7:
 - 4.3.1 Manual Composite means the mean of at least three grab samples taken during a discharge event, with one sample being taken immediately following the

- commencement of the discharge event, one sample being taken approximately at the mid-point of the discharge event and one sample being taken immediately before the end of the discharge event; and
- 4.3.2 Automated Composite means samples must be taken during a discharge event by an automated sampler at a minimum sampling frequency of once per hour.
- 4.4 Any sampling, testing and monitoring for the test parameter Total Suspended Solids shall be performed in accordance with the requirements set out in the publication "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater", 21st Edition, 2005, or as amended from time to time by more recently published editions.

Table 7: Environmental Discharge Parameters				
Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Column 5 Treatment Subsystem or Treatment Subsystem Component Name Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Column 5 Sample Type Sampling Frequency				
Backwash wastewater facilities	Suspended Solids	Composite	Quarterly	Point of discharge

- **4.5** Pursuant to Condition 10 of Schedule B of this licence, the owner may undertake the following environmental discharges associated with the maintenance and/or repair of the drinking water system:
 - 4.5.1 The discharge of potable water from a watermain to a road or storm sewer;
 - 4.5.2 The discharge of potable water from a water storage facility or pumping station:
 - 4.5.2.1 To a road or storm sewer; or
 - 4.5.2.2 To a watercourse where the discharge has been dechlorinated and if necessary, sediment and erosion control measures have been implemented.
 - 4.5.3 The discharge of dechlorinated non-potable water from a watermain, water storage facility or pumping station to a road or storm sewer;
 - 4.5.4 The discharge of raw water from a groundwater well to the environment where if necessary, sediment and erosion control measures have been implemented; and
 - 4.5.5 The discharge of raw water, potable water or non-potable water from a treatment subsystem to the environment where if necessary, the discharge has been dechlorinated and sediment and erosion control measures have been implemented.

5.0 Studies Required

5.1 Not Available

6.0 Source Protection

6.1 Not Applicable

7.0 Other Licence Conditions

7.1 The owner shall submit a new PTTW no later than May 16, 2016.

Schedule D: Conditions for Relief from Regulatory Requirements

System Owner	Municipality of South Dundas		
Licence Number	165-101		
Drinking Water System Name	South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System		
Schedule D Issue Date	December 15, 2015		

1.0 Lead Regulatory Relief

1.1 Any relief from regulatory requirements previously authorized by the Director in respect of the drinking water system under section 38 of the SDWA in relation to the sampling, testing or monitoring requirements contained in Schedule 15.1 of O. Reg. 170/03 shall remain in force until such time as Schedule 15.1 of O. Reg. 170/03 is amended after June 1, 2009.

2.0 Other Regulatory Relief

Not applicable

Schedule E: Pathogen Log Removal/Inactivation Credits

System Owner	Municipality of South Dundas		
Licence Number	165-101		
Drinking Water System Name	South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System		
Schedule E Issue Date	December 15, 2015		

1.0 Primary Disinfection Pathogen Log Removal/Inactivation Credits

Morrisburg Water Treatment Plant [SURFACE WATER]

Minimum Log Removal/ Inactivation Required	Cryptosporidium Oocysts	Giardia Cysts ^a	Viruses ^b
Treatment Plant	2	3	4

^a At least 0.5 log inactivation of Giardia shall be achieved by the disinfection portion of the overall water treatment process.

^b At least 2 log inactivation of viruses shall be achieved by disinfection.

Log Removal/Inactivation Credits Assigned ^c	Cryptosporidium Oocysts	Giardia Cysts	Viruses
Membrane Filtration	2	3	0
Chlorination	0	0.5	4+

c Log removal/inactivation credit assignment is based on each treatment process being fully operational and the applicable log removal/inactivation credit assignment criteria being met.

Treatment Component	Log Removal/Inactivation Credit Assignment Criteria
Membrane Filtration	 Effective backwash procedures shall be maintained including filter-to-waste or an equivalent procedure to ensure that the effluent turbidity requirements are met at all times; Membrane integrity shall be monitored by continuous particle counting or by an equivalently effective means such as intermittent pressure decay measurements; Filtrate turbidity shall be continuously monitored; Performance criterion for filtered water turbidity of less than or equal to 0.1 NTU in 99% of the measurements each month shall be met for each filter train; and Membrane filtration process shall be specifically tested and confirmed by an independent testing agency or the approving Director for 2-log removal or inactivation of <i>Cryptosporidium</i> oocysts or removal of surrogate particles.

Treatment Component	Log Removal/Inactivation Credit Assignment Criteria
Chlorination	Sampling and testing for free chlorine residual shall be carried out by continuous monitoring equipment in the treatment process at or near a location where the intended contact time has just been completed in accordance with the Ministry's <i>Procedure for Disinfection of Drinking Water in Ontario</i> ; and At all times, CT provided shall be greater than or equal to the CT required to achieve the log removal credits assigned.



DRINKING WATER WORKS PERMIT

Permit Number: 165-201 Issue Number: 3

Pursuant to the *Safe Drinking Water Act*, 2002, S.O. 2002, c. 32, and the regulations made thereunder and subject to the limitations thereof, this drinking water works permit is issued under Part V of the *Safe Drinking Water Act*, 2002, S.O. 2002, c. 32 to:

Municipality of South Dundas

34 Ottawa Street Box740
Morrisburg
Ontario
K0C 1X0

For the following municipal residential drinking water system:

South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System

This drinking water works permit includes the following:

Schedule	Description
Schedule A	Drinking Water System Description
Schedule B	General
Schedule C	All documents issued as Schedule C to this drinking water works permit which authorize alterations to the drinking water system
Schedule D	Process Flow Diagrams

DATED at TORONTO this 19th day of October, 2018

Signature

Aziz Ahmed, P.Eng.

Director

Part V, Safe Drinking Water Act, 2002

Schedule A: Drinking Water System Description

System Owner	Municipality of South Dundas
Permit Number	165-201
Drinking Water System Name	South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System
Schedule A Issue Date	October 19th, 2018

1.0 System Description

1.1 The following is a summary description of the works comprising the above drinking water system:

Overview

The **South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System** consists of one drinking water treatment plant, one (1) pumping stations, one (1) storage reservoir, two (2) elevated storage tanks and approximately 11.5 kilometers of trunk watermains.

Morrisburg Water Treatment Plant

Storage Reservoirs and Pumping Stations

- Iroquois Booster Station and Reservoir

Elevated Storage Tanks

- Morrisburg Water Tower
- Iroquois Water Tower

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Morrisburg Water Treatment Plant

Treatment Plant

Name	Morrisburg Water Treatment Plant
Street Address	100 Augusta Street, Lot 31, Concession 1
UTM Coordinates	NAD 83 Zone 18, 484960m E, 4974190m N
System Type	Surface Water Treatment Plant
Notes	

Surface Water Supply

Intake Facilities

Description	Intake Crib and Pipe
Location	2 Augusta Street, on the bank of the St Lawrence River
Intake Pipe and Structure	A 100 m long, 450mm diameter raw water intake pipe and wooden intake structure extending south of the low lift station into the St. Lawrence River
Notes	

Low Lift Works

Strainers

Description	Automatic backwashing strainer and manual strainer
Dimensions	One (1) automatic backwashing strainer (duty) and One (1) manual strainer (standby,) each with 500 micron straining elements
Capacity	Each rated at 158.7 L/s
Notes	

Suction Chambers

Description	Raw water pump well
Dimensions	One (1) raw water pump well, 6.0 m diameter x 14.8 m deep, with an effective storage of 294.6 m³ at the low water level of 71.54m ASL
Notes	

Low Lift Pumps

Description	
Capacity	Three (3) vertical turbine pumps each rated at 79.3 L/s at a TDH of 24.9 m
Notes	 Each pump equipped with variable speed electrical motor drives A 400 mm diameter raw water pipe extending approximately 980 m from the low lift station along Augusta St. to the new water treatment plant building One (1) 180 kW standby generator for low lift works

Filtration

Membrane Filtration

Description	Ultra-filtration
Membrane Cassettes	Six (6) ultra filtration membrane cassettes in three (3) tanks with a total membrane area of 4,264 m² per tank capable of permeating water at a peak design warm water flux rate of 51 L/(m²h)
Filter Tanks	Three (3) concrete membrane filter tanks (two duty/one standby), 3.8 m long x 2.1 wide x 2.8 m deep, each with two (2) ultra filtration membrane cassettes
Equipment	Three (3) end-suction centrifugal permeate pumps, each rated at 75.6 L/s at 28 m TDH discharging into the Granular Activated Carbon Contactor feed manifold
	Two (2) oil-free air compressors, each rated at 453 L/min at 1034 kPa for membrane integrity testing and pneumatic valve actuation including two (2) air receiver tanks and an air dryer
	Two (2) regenerative membrane aeration blowers, each rated at 26.7 L/s
	Two (2) vacuum pumps, each rated at 26.4 L/s at 95 kPag vacuum to facilitate the operation of the permeate pumps
Controls and Instrumentation	Three (3) magnetic flow meters on the discharge of each of the permeate pumps
	Three (3) turbidity meters, one on each of the membrane tank permeate pump discharges
	Three (3) particle counters, one on each of the membrane tank permeate pump discharges
Notes	

Membrane Cleaning

Description	Membrane backwash and clean-in-place
Pumps	Two (2) end-suction centrifugal backpulse pumps, each rated at 59.7 L/s at 14 m TDH discharging into membrane lumen to facilitate frequent cleaning of the membrane surface, including a 11,000 L backpulse storage tank
	Two (2) end-suction centrifugal clean-in-place pumps, each rated at 22.2 L/s at 13 m TDH discharging into membrane lumen to facilitate chemical cleaning of the membrane surface including a 7,500 L clean-in-place storage tank
	Two (2) end-suction centrifugal drain/recirculation pumps, each rated at 21.1 L/s at 8 m TDH discharging into membrane tank or effluent pipe to membrane cleaning and draining of the membrane tanks
Chemical Cleaning	One (1) diaphragm chemical feed pump for 12% sodium hypochlorite service, capable of 0.56 L/min for maintenance cleaning of the membranes
	One (1) air diaphragm chemical feed pump for 12% sodium hypochlorite service, capable of 8.9 L/min for recovery cleaning of the membranes
	One (1) air diaphragm chemical feed pump for citric acid service, capable of 8.69 L/min for recovery cleaning of the membranes including a 830 L storage tank with tank mixer
Notes	

Taste and Odour Control

Granular Activated Carbon (GAC) Contactors

Description	Three (3) granular activated carbon contactors for taste and odour control
Dimensions	Each unit 3.05 m diameter x 3.66 m side wall height
	Each unit having a minimum of 9080 kg of granular activated carbon
Capacity	Each rated for a maximum day flow rate of 56.5 L/s (30.8 L/s) at a pressure drop of 68.9 kPa
	An empty bed contact time of 5.6 minutes (10.3 minutes at average flow)
Notes	

GAC Contactor Backwash

Description	GAC Contactor backwash with water from the high lift pumping manifold pressure reduced to allow for backwashing
Capacity	At a rate of 63 L/s at a pressure drop of approximately 103 kPa
Notes	

Plant Residuals Management

Residuals Neutralization Tank

Description	One (1) concrete neutralization tank for neutralization of chemical cleaning wastes from the membrane filtration
Dimensions	3.8 m long x 2.1 wide x 2.8 m deep
Notes	The effluent discharge from the neutralization tank to a gravity sewer extending from the plant building to the municipal storm sewer system located at the northeast corner of County Road No. 2 and Augusta St.

Chemical Addition

Description	Chemicals for neutralization of chemical cleaning wastes from the membrane filtration
Feed Point	With injection point located at the discharge from the membrane tank drain/recirculation pump
Equipment and Control	One (1) chemical feed pump for sodium bisulfite injection capable of 1.94 L/min
	One (1) chemical feed pump for sodium hydroxide injection capable of 2.17 L/min
	One (1) chlorine analyzer with sample point located after the sodium bisulfite injection point on the drain/recirculation pump discharge
	One (1) pH analyzer with sample point located after the sodium hydroxide injection point on the drain/recirculation pump discharge
	One (1) oxidation-reduction-potential analyzer with sample point located immediately prior to waste discharge from the plant building
Notes	

High Lift Works

High Lift Pumps

Description	Four (4) vertical turbine pumps
Capacity	Each rated at 91 L/s at a TDH of 45m
Notes	

On-Site Storage

Chlorine Contact Chamber

Description	A two compartment baffled chlorine contact chamber for primary disinfection
Dimensions	Flow length of 60 m
	Total active volume of 553 m ³
Notes	This volume is capable of providing a chlorine contact time of approximately 57 minutes at maximum daily flow

Clearwell

Description	A two compartment baffled clear well storage
Dimensions	Surface area of approximately 400 m ² with a sidewall depth of 5.3 m
	Total volume of 2,120 m³ between maximum and minimum water levels
Notes	This volume is designed to provide peak hour water demand equalization, fire and emergency water demands
	Chlorine contact time of approximately 156 minutes at maximum daily flow and maximum water depth

Emergency Power

Backup Power Supply

Description	One (1) 450 kW diesel generator including 4,550 litre double-walled aboveground diesel storage and associated piping
Notes	

Chemical Addition

Chlorine

Description	Chlorination system for zebra mussel control, primary disinfection and secondary disinfection
Feed Point	Raw water intake (zebra mussel control)
	Outlet of the GAC contactors (primary disinfection)
	On the high lift pump discharge manifold, after the plant chlorine analyzer (secondary disinfection/boosting of the chlorine residual)
Equipment	Two (2) bulk approximately 4,500 L chemical storage tanks and two (2) day tanks, with automatic centrifugal pump transfer system from bulk to day tanks
	Two (2) chemical feed pumps (one duty/one standby), each capable of 0.11 L/min for zebra mussel control
	Two (2) chemical feed pumps (one duty/one standby), each capable of 0.26 L/min for primary disinfection

	Two (2) chemical feed pumps (one duty/one standby), each capable of 0.175 L/min for boosting of the chlorine residual as required to maintain residual in the distribution system
Notes	

Storage Reservoirs and Pumping Stations

Iroquois Booster Station and Reservoir

Location	Located in Iroquois, at the existing Iroquois Water Treatment Plant
UTM Coordinates	NAD 83 Zone 18, 475260m E, 4965600m N
Description	Storage reservoir and booster pumping station in the distribution system
Dimensions	Two (2) compartment baffled clear well storage, with surface area of approximately 225 m² and a sidewall depth of 4.7 m
	High lift well with a surface area of approximately 44.7 m ² and a sidewall depth of 7.9 m
	Total volume of 1,087 m³ between maximum and minimum water levels
Equipment	Two (2) vertical turbine pumps each rated for 41.7 L/s at a TDH of 70.1m
	One (1) vertical turbine pump rated at 100 L/s at a TDH of 70.1m
	Two (2) chemical feed pumps (one duty/one standby), each capable of 0.167 L/min with Injection point on the high lift pumping discharge manifold prior to the plant chlorine residual analyzer
	One (1) chlorine residual analyzer with sample point located on the high lift pumping station manifold prior to leaving the plant
Standby Power	One (1) 350 kW diesel generator with a double wall sub-base fuel tank and a sound attenuated enclosure servicing both the water booster station and the adjacent sewage lift station
Notes	

Elevated Storage Tanks

Morrisburg Water Tower

Location	North end of Augusta Street at the intersection of Augusta and County Road 2
UTM Coordinates	
Description	Steel storage tank
Dimensions	945 m³
Equipment	
Notes	

Iroquois Water Tower

Location	Carman Road northwest of the intersection of Carman Road and County Road 2
UTM Coordinates	
Description	Steel storage tank
Dimensions	945 m ³
Equipment	
Notes	

Instrumentation and Control

Regulatory Monitoring

Description	Process control and monitoring equipment for South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System
Notes	System control with data acquisition including various in-line analyzers and monitors

Watermains

- **1.2** Watermains within the distribution system comprise:
 - 1.2.1 Watermains that have been set out in each document or file identified in column 1 of Table 1.

Table 1: Watermains				
Column 1 Document or File Name	Column 2 Date			
Village of Morrisburg Existing Watermain, Valves & Hydrants Location	April, 2008			
Village of Iroquois Existing Watermain, Valves & Hydrants Location	April, 2008			

- 1.2.2 Watermains that have been added, modified, replaced or extended further to the provisions of Schedule C of this drinking water works permit on or after the date identified in column 2 of Table 1 for each document or file identified in column 1.
- 1.2.3 Watermains that have been added, modified, replaced or extended further to an authorization by the Director on or after the date identified in column 2 of Table 1 for each document or file identified in column 1.

Schedule B: General

System Owner	Municipality of South Dundas
Permit Number	165-201
Drinking Water System Name	South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System
Schedule B Issue Date	October 19th, 2018

1.0 **Applicability**

- 1.1 In addition to any other requirements, the drinking water system identified above shall be altered and operated in accordance with the conditions of this drinking water works permit and the licence.
- 1.2 The definitions and conditions of the licence shall also apply to this drinking water works permit.

2.0 Alterations to the Drinking Water System

- 2.1 Any document issued by the Director as a Schedule C to this drinking water works permit shall provide authority to alter the drinking water system in accordance, where applicable, with the conditions of this drinking water works permit and the licence.
- 2.2 All Schedule C documents issued by the Director for the drinking water system shall form part of this drinking water works permit.
- 2.3 All parts of the drinking water system in contact with drinking water which are:
 - 2.3.1 Added, modified, replaced, extended; or
 - 2.3.2 Taken out of service for inspection, repair or other activities that may lead to contamination.

shall be disinfected before being put into service in accordance with a procedure approved by the Director or in accordance with the applicable provisions of the following documents:

- The ministry's Watermain Disinfection Procedure, effective January 31st, 2019; a)
- AWWA C652 Standard for Disinfection of Water-Storage Facilities:
- C) AWWA C653 - Standard for Disinfection of Water Treatment Plants: and
- AWWA C654 Standard for Disinfection of Wells.
- 2.4 The owner shall notify the Director within thirty (30) days of the placing into service or the completion of any addition, modification, replacement or extension of the drinking water system which had been authorized through:
 - 2.4.1 Schedule B to this drinking water works permit which would require an alteration of the description of a drinking water system component described in Schedule A of this drinking water works permit;

150526 Treatment&Distribution AF2, EA3, MDWL2, JL

- 2.4.2 Any Schedule C to this drinking water works permit respecting works other than watermains: or
- 2.4.3 Any approval issued prior to the issue date of the first drinking water works permit respecting works other than watermains which were not in service at the time of the issuance of the first drinking water works permit.
- 2.5 For greater certainty, the notification requirements set out in condition 2.4 do not apply to any addition, modification, replacement or extension in respect of the drinking water system which:
 - 2.5.1 Is exempt from subsection 31(1) of the SDWA by subsection 9.(2) of O. Reg. 170/03;
 - 2.5.2 Constitutes maintenance or repair of the drinking water system; or
 - 2.5.3 Is a watermain authorized by condition 3.1 of Schedule B of this drinking water works permit.
- 2.6 The owner shall notify the legal owner of any part of the drinking water system that is prescribed as a municipal drinking water system by section 2 of O. Reg. 172/03 of the requirements of the licence and this drinking water works permit as applicable to the prescribed system.
- 2.7 For greater certainty, any alteration to the drinking water system made in accordance with this drinking water works permit may only be carried out after other legal obligations have been complied with including those arising from the *Environmental Assessment Act*, Niagara Escarpment Planning and Development Act, Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Act, 2001 and Greenbelt Act, 2005.

3.0 Watermain Additions, Modifications, Replacements and Extensions

- 3.1 The drinking water system may be altered by adding, modifying, replacing or extending a watermain within the distribution system subject to the following conditions:
 - 3.1.1 The design of the watermain addition, modification, replacement or extension:
 - a) Has been prepared by a Professional Engineer;
 - b) Has been designed only to transmit water and has not been designed to treat water:
 - c) Satisfies the design criteria set out in the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks publication "Watermain Design Criteria for Future Alterations Authorized under a Drinking Water Works Permit – June 2012", as amended from time to time; and
 - d) Is consistent with or otherwise addresses the design objectives contained within the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks publication "Design Guidelines for Drinking Water Systems, 2008", as amended from time to time.

- 3.1.2 The maximum demand for water exerted by consumers who are serviced by the addition, modification, replacement or extension of the watermain will not result in an exceedance of the rated capacity of a treatment subsystem or the maximum flow rate for a treatment subsystem component as specified in the licence, or the creation of adverse conditions within the drinking water system.
- 3.1.3 The watermain addition, modification, replacement or extension will not adversely affect the distribution system's ability to maintain a minimum pressure of 140 kPa at ground level at all points in the distribution system under maximum day demand plus fire flow conditions.
- 3.1.4 Secondary disinfection will be provided to water within the added, modified, replaced or extended watermain to meet the requirements of O. Reg. 170/03.
- 3.1.5 The watermain addition, modification, replacement or extension is wholly located within the municipal boundary over which the owner has jurisdiction.
- 3.1.6 The owner of the drinking water system consents in writing to the watermain addition, modification, replacement or extension.
- 3.1.7 A Professional Engineer has verified in writing that the watermain addition, modification, replacement or extension meets the requirements of condition 3.1.1.
- 3.1.8 The owner of the drinking water system has verified in writing that the watermain addition, modification, replacement or extension meets the requirements of conditions 3.1.2 to 3.1.6.
- 3.2 The authorization for the addition, modification, replacement or extension of a watermain provided for in condition 3.1 does not include the addition, modification, replacement or extension of a watermain that:
 - 3.2.1 Passes under or through a body of surface water, unless trenchless construction methods are used:
 - 3.2.2 Has a nominal diameter greater than 750 mm;
 - 3.2.3 Results in the fragmentation of the drinking water system; or
 - 3.2.4 Connects to another drinking water system, unless:
 - a) Prior to construction, the owner of the drinking water system seeking the connection obtains written consent from the owner or owner's delegate of the drinking water system being connected to; and
 - b) The owner of the drinking water system seeking the connection retains a copy of the written consent from the owner or owner's delegate of the drinking water system being connected to as part of the record that is recorded and retained under condition 3.3.

- **3.3** The verifications required in conditions 3.1.7 and 3.1.8 shall be:
 - 3.3.1 Recorded on "Form 1 Record of Watermains Authorized as a Future Alteration", as published by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, prior to the watermain addition, modification, replacement or extension being placed into service; and
 - 3.3.2 Retained for a period of ten (10) years by the owner.
- **3.4** For greater certainty, the verification requirements set out in condition 3.3 do not apply to any addition, modification, replacement or extension in respect of the drinking water system which:
 - 3.4.1 Is exempt from subsection 31(1) of the SDWA by subsection 9.(2) of O. Reg. 170/03; or
 - 3.4.2 Constitutes maintenance or repair of the drinking water system.
- 3.5 The document or file referenced in Column 1 of Table 1 of Schedule A of this drinking water works permit that sets out watermains shall be retained by the owner and shall be updated to include watermain additions, modifications, replacements and extensions within 12 months of the addition, modification, replacement or extension.
- 3.6 The updates required by condition 3.5 shall include watermain location relative to named streets or easements and watermain diameter.

4.0 Minor Modifications to the Drinking Water System

- The drinking water system may be altered by adding, modifying or replacing the following components in the drinking water system:
 - 4.1.1 Raw water pumps and treatment process pumps in the treatment system;
 - 4.1.2 Coagulant feed systems in the treatment system, including the location and number of dosing points;
 - 4.1.3 Valves:
 - 4.1.4 Instrumentation and controls, including SCADA systems, and software associated with these devices;
 - 4.1.5 Filter media, backwashing equipment and under-drains in the treatment system; or.
 - 4.1.6 Spill containment works.
- 4.2 The drinking water system may be altered by adding, modifying, replacing or removing the following components in the drinking water system:
 - 4.2.1 Treated water pumps and associated equipment;
 - 4.2.2 Re-circulation devices within distribution system storage facilities;

- 4.2.3 In-line mixing equipment;
- 4.2.4 Chemical metering pumps and chemical handling pumps;
- 4.2.5 Chemical storage tanks (excluding fuel storage tanks) and associated equipment; or,
- 4.2.6 Measuring and monitoring devices that are not required by regulation, by a condition in the Drinking Water Works Permit, or by a condition otherwise imposed by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks.
- **4.3** The drinking water system may be altered by replacing the following:
 - 4.3.1 Raw water piping, treatment process piping or treated water piping within the treatment subsystem;
 - 4.3.2 Fuel storage tanks and spill containment works, and associated equipment; or
 - 4.3.3 Coagulants and pH adjustment chemicals, where the replacement chemicals perform the same function;
 - a) Prior to making any alteration to the drinking water system under condition 4.3.3, the owner shall undertake a review of the impacts that the alteration might have on corrosion control or other treatment processes; and
 - b) The owner shall notify the Director in writing within thirty (30) days of any alteration made under condition 4.3.3 and shall provide the Director with a copy of the review.
- 4.4 Any alteration of the drinking water system made under conditions 4.1, 4.2 or 4.3 shall not result in:
 - 4.4.1 An exceedance of a treatment subsystem rated capacity or a treatment subsystem component maximum flow rate as specified in the licence;
 - 4.4.2 The bypassing of any unit process within a treatment subsystem;
 - 4.4.3 A deterioration in the quality of drinking water provided to consumers;
 - 4.4.4 A reduction in the reliability or redundancy of any component of the drinking water system;
 - 4.4.5 A negative impact on the ability to undertake compliance and other monitoring necessary for the operation of the drinking water system; or
 - 4.4.6 An adverse effect on the environment.
- 4.5 The owner shall verify in writing that any addition, modification, replacement or removal of drinking water system components in accordance with conditions 4.1, 4.2 or 4.3 has met the requirements of the conditions listed in condition 4.4.

- **4.6** The verifications and documentation required in condition 4.5 shall be:
 - 4.6.1 Recorded on "Form 2 Record of Minor Modifications or Replacements to the Drinking Water System", as published by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, prior to the modified or replaced components being placed into service; and
 - 4.6.2 Retained for a period of ten (10) years by the owner.
- **4.7** For greater certainty, the verification requirements set out in conditions 4.5 and 4.6 do not apply to any addition, modification, replacement or removal in respect of the drinking water system which:
 - 4.7.1 Is exempt from subsection 31(1) of the SDWA by subsection 9.(2) of O. Reg. 170/03; or
 - 4.7.2 Constitutes maintenance or repair of the drinking water system.
- 4.8 The owner shall update any drawings maintained for the drinking water system to reflect the modification or replacement of the works, where applicable.

5.0 Equipment with Emissions to the Air

- 5.1 The drinking water system may be altered by adding, modifying or replacing any of the following drinking water system components that may discharge or alter the rate or manner of a discharge of a compound of concern to the atmosphere:
 - 5.1.1 Any equipment, apparatus, mechanism or thing that is used for the transfer of outdoor air into a building or structure that is not a cooling tower;
 - 5.1.2 Any equipment, apparatus, mechanism or thing that is used for the transfer of indoor air out of a space used for the production, processing, repair, maintenance or storage of goods or materials, including chemical storage;
 - 5.1.3 Laboratory fume hoods used for drinking water testing, quality control and quality assurance purposes;
 - 5.1.4 Low temperature handling of compounds with a vapor pressure of less than 1 kilopascal;
 - 5.1.5 Maintenance welding stations;
 - 5.1.6 Minor painting operations used for maintenance purposes;
 - 5.1.7 Parts washers for maintenance shops;
 - 5.1.8 Emergency chlorine and ammonia gas scrubbers and absorbers;
 - 5.1.9 Venting for activated carbon units for drinking water taste and odour control;
 - 5.1.10 Venting for a stripping unit for methane removal from a groundwater supply;
 - 5.1.11 Venting for an ozone treatment unit;

- 5.1.12 Natural gas or propane fired boilers, water heaters, space heaters and make-up air units with a total facility-wide heat input rating of less than 20 million kilojoules per hour, and with an individual fuel energy input of less than or equal to 10.5 gigajoules per hour; or
- 5.1.13 Emergency generators that fire No. 2 fuel oil (diesel fuel) with a sulphur content of 0.5 per cent or less measured by weight, natural gas, propane, gasoline or biofuel, and that are used for emergency duty only with periodic testing.
- 5.2 The owner shall not add, modify or replace a drinking water system component set out in condition 5.1 for an activity that is not directly related to the treatment and/or distribution of drinking water.
- 5.3 The emergency generators identified in condition 5.1.13 shall not be used for nonemergency purposes including the generation of electricity for sale or for peak shaving purposes.
- 5.4 The owner shall prepare an emission summary table for nitrogen oxide emissions only, for each addition, modification or replacement of emergency generators identified in condition 5.1.13.

Performance Limits

- The owner shall ensure that a drinking water system component identified in conditions 5.1.1 to 5.1.13 is operated at all times to comply with the following limits:
 - 5.5.1 For equipment other than emergency generators, the maximum concentration of any compound of concern at a point of impingement shall not exceed the corresponding point of impingement limit;
 - 5.5.2 For emergency generators, the maximum concentration of nitrogen oxides at sensitive populations shall not exceed the applicable point of impingement limit, and at non-sensitive populations shall not exceed the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks half-hourly screening level of 1880 ug/m³ as amended; and
 - 5.5.3 The noise emissions comply at all times with the limits set out in publication NPC-300, as applicable.
- 5.6 The owner shall verify in writing that any addition, modification or replacement of works in accordance with condition 5.1 has met the requirements of the conditions listed in condition 5.5.
- 5.7 The owner shall document how compliance with the performance limits outlined in condition 5.5.3 is being achieved, through noise abatement equipment and/or operational procedures.
- 5.8 The verifications and documentation required in conditions 5.6 and 5.7 shall be:
 - 5.8.1 Recorded on "Form 3 Record of Addition, Modification or Replacement of Equipment Discharging a Contaminant of Concern to the Atmosphere", as published by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, prior to the additional, modified or replacement equipment being placed into service; and

- 5.8.2 Retained for a period of ten (10) years by the owner.
- **5.9** For greater certainty, the verification and documentation requirements set out in conditions 5.6 and 5.8 do not apply to any addition, modification or replacement in respect of the drinking water system which:
 - 5.9.1 Is exempt from subsection 31(1) of the SDWA by subsection 9.(2) of O. Reg. 170/03; or
 - 5.9.2 Constitutes maintenance or repair of the drinking water system.
- **5.10** The owner shall update any drawings maintained for the works to reflect the addition, modification or replacement of the works, where applicable.

6.0 Previously Approved Works

- **6.1** The owner may add, modify, replace or extend, and operate part of a municipal drinking water system if:
 - 6.1.1 An approval was issued after January 1, 2004 under section 36 of the SDWA in respect of the addition, modification, replacement or extension and operation of that part of the municipal drinking water system;
 - 6.1.2 The approval expired by virtue of subsection 36(4) of the SDWA; and
 - 6.1.3 The addition, modification, replacement or extension commenced within five years of the date that activity was approved by the expired approval.

7.0 System-Specific Conditions

7.1 Not Applicable

8.0 Source Protection

8.1 Not Applicable

Schedule D: Process Flow Diagrams

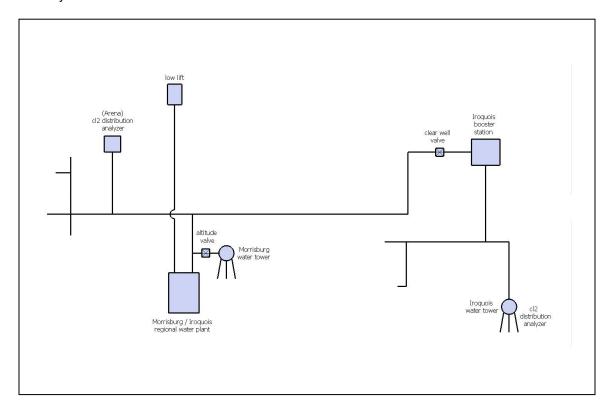
System Owner	Municipality of South Dundas
Permit Number	165-201
Drinking Water System Name	South Dundas Regional Drinking Water System
Schedule D Issue Date	October 19th, 2018

1.0 **Process Flow Diagrams**

Morrisburg Water Treatment Plant and Iroquois Booster Station

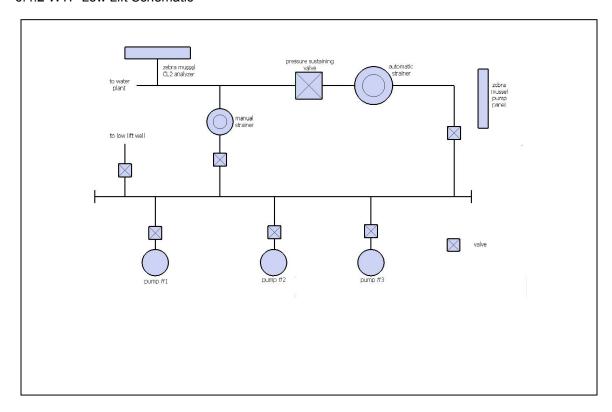
[Source: Operational Plan Element #6, Revision #1, July 23, 2014]

6.4.1 System Overview

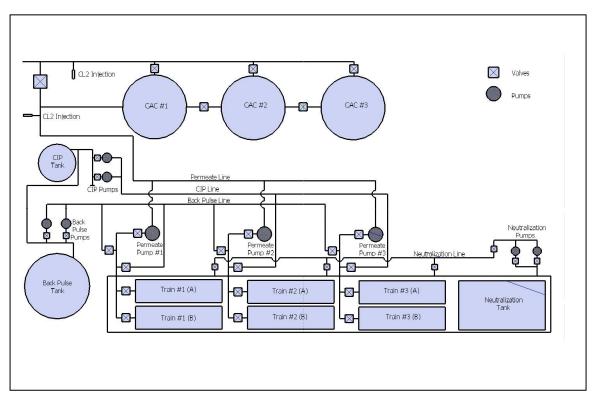


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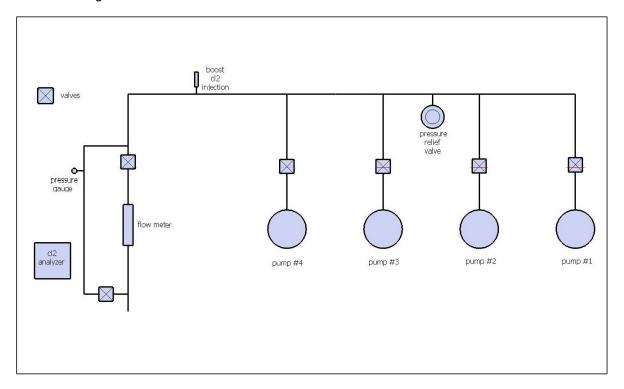
6.4.2 WTP Low Lift Schematic



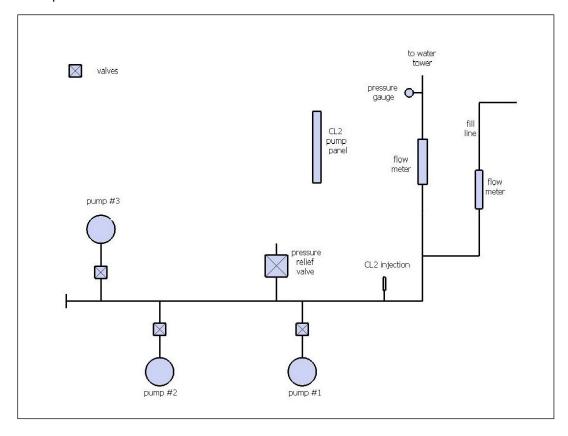
6.4.3 Water Treatment Process



6.4.4 WTP High Lift Room Schematic



6.4.5 Iroquois Booster Station Schematic





APPENDIX C PERMIT TO TAKE WATER



Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change Ministère de l'Environnement et de l'Action en matière de changement climatique

PERMIT TO TAKE WATER

Surface Water NUMBER 4362-AAKQNY

Pursuant to Section 34.1 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990 this Permit To Take Water is hereby issued to:

> The Corporation of the Township of South Dundas 34 Ottawa Street, P.O. Box 740, Morrisburg South Dundas, Ontario K0C 1X0 Canada

For the water St. Lawrence River

taking from:

Located at:

2 Augusta St

South Dundas, United Counties of Stormont Dundas & Glengarry

For the purposes of this Permit, and the terms and conditions specified below, the following definitions apply:

DEFINITIONS

- (a) "Director" means any person appointed in writing as a Director pursuant to section 5 of the OWRA for the purposes of section 34.1, OWRA.
- (b) "Provincial Officer" means any person designated in writing by the Minister as a Provincial Officer pursuant to section 5 of the OWRA.
- (c) "Ministry" means Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change.
- (d) "District Office" means the Cornwall District Office.
- (e) "Permit" means this Permit to Take Water No. 4362-AAKQNY including its Schedules, if any, issued in accordance with Section 34.1 of the OWRA.
- (f) "Permit Holder" means The Corporation of the Township of South Dundas.
- "OWRA" means the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. O. 40, as amended. (g)

You are hereby notified that this Permit is issued subject to the terms and conditions outlined below:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. Compliance with Permit

- 1.1 Except where modified by this Permit, the water taking shall be in accordance with the application for this Permit To Take Water, dated December 4, 2015 and signed by Christopher Bazinet, and all Schedules included in this Permit.
- 1.2 The Permit Holder shall ensure that any person authorized by the Permit Holder to take water under this Permit is provided with a copy of this Permit and shall take all reasonable measures to ensure that any such person complies with the conditions of this Permit.
- 1.3 Any person authorized by the Permit Holder to take water under this Permit shall comply with the conditions of this Permit.
- 1.4 This Permit is not transferable to another person.
- 1.5 This Permit provides the Permit Holder with permission to take water in accordance with the conditions of this Permit, up to the date of the expiry of this Permit. This Permit does not constitute a legal right, vested or otherwise, to a water allocation, and the issuance of this Permit does not guarantee that, upon its expiry, it will be renewed.
- 1.6 The Permit Holder shall keep this Permit available at all times at or near the site of the taking, and shall produce this Permit immediately for inspection by a Provincial Officer upon his or her request.
- 1.7 The Permit Holder shall report any changes of address to the Director within thirty days of any such change. The Permit Holder shall report any change of ownership of the property for which this Permit is issued within thirty days of any such change. A change in ownership in the property shall cause this Permit to be cancelled.

2. General Conditions and Interpretation

2.1 Inspections

The Permit Holder must forthwith, upon presentation of credentials, permit a Provincial Officer to carry out any and all inspections authorized by the OWRA, the *Environmental Protection Act*, R.S.O. 1990, the *Pesticides Act*, R.S.O. 1990, or the *Safe Drinking Water Act*, S. O. 2002.

2.2 Other Approvals

The issuance of, and compliance with this Permit, does not:

- (a) relieve the Permit Holder or any other person from any obligation to comply with any other applicable legal requirements, including the provisions of the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, and the *Environmental Protection Act*, and any regulations made thereunder; or
- (b) limit in any way any authority of the Ministry, a Director, or a Provincial Officer, including the authority to require certain steps be taken or to require the Permit Holder to furnish any further information related to this Permit.

2.3 Information

The receipt of any information by the Ministry, the failure of the Ministry to take any action or require any person to take any action in relation to the information, or the failure of a Provincial Officer to prosecute any person in relation to the information, shall not be construed as:

- (a) an approval, waiver or justification by the Ministry of any act or omission of any person that contravenes this Permit or other legal requirement; or
- (b) acceptance by the Ministry of the information's completeness or accuracy.

2.4 Rights of Action

The issuance of, and compliance with this Permit shall not be construed as precluding or limiting any legal claims or rights of action that any person, including the Crown in right of Ontario or any agency thereof, has or may have against the Permit Holder, its officers, employees, agents, and contractors.

2.5 Severability

The requirements of this Permit are severable. If any requirements of this Permit, or the application of any requirements of this Permit to any circumstance, is held invalid or unenforceable, the application of such requirements to other circumstances and the remainder of this Permit shall not be affected thereby.

2.6 Conflicts

Where there is a conflict between a provision of any submitted document referred to in this Permit, including its Schedules, and the conditions of this Permit, the conditions in this Permit shall take precedence.

3. Water Takings Authorized by This Permit

Expiry 3.1

This Permit expires on May 31, 2026. No water shall be taken under authority of this Permit after the expiry date.

3.2 Amounts of Taking Permitted

The Permit Holder shall only take water from the source, during the periods and at the rates and amounts of taking specified in Table A. Water takings are authorized only for the purposes specified in Table A.

Table A

	Source Name / Description:	Source: Type:	Taking Specific Purpose:	Taking Major Category:	Max. Taken per Minute (litres):	Max. Num. of Hrs Taken per Day:		Max. Num. of Days Taken per Year:	Zone/ Easting/ Northing:
1	St. Lawrence River	River	Municipal	Water Supply	14,280	24	10,445,000	365	18 485429 4970874
							10,445,000		

4. Monitoring

- 4.1 The Permit Holder shall maintain a record of all water takings. This record shall include the dates and times of water takings and the total measured amounts of water taken per day for each day that water is taken under the authorization of this Permit. A separate record shall be maintained for each source. The Permit Holder shall keep all required records up to date and available at or near the site of the taking and shall produce the records immediately for inspection by a Provincial Officer upon his or her request.
- 4.2 The total amounts of water taken shall be measured using flow meter and totalizer.

5. Impacts of the Water Taking

5.1 Notification

The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the local District Office of any complaint arising from the taking of water authorized under this Permit and shall report any action which has been taken or is proposed with regard to such complaint. The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the local District Office if the taking of water is observed to have any significant impact on the surrounding waters. After hours, calls shall be directed to the Ministry's Spills Action Centre at 1-800-268-6060.

5.2 For Surface-Water Takings

The taking of water (including the taking of water into storage and the subsequent or simultaneous withdrawal from storage) shall be carried out in such a manner that streamflow is not stopped and is not reduced to a rate that will cause interference with downstream uses of water or with the natural functions of the stream.

6. Director May Amend Permit

The Director may amend this Permit by letter requiring the Permit Holder to suspend or reduce the taking to an amount or threshold specified by the Director in the letter. The suspension or reduction in taking shall be effective immediately and may be revoked at any time upon notification by the Director. This condition does not affect your right to appeal the suspension or reduction in taking to the Environmental Review Tribunal under the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, Section 100 (4).

The reasons for the imposition of these terms and conditions are as follows:

- 1. Condition 1 is included to ensure that the conditions in this Permit are complied with and can be enforced.
- 2. Condition 2 is included to clarify the legal interpretation of aspects of this Permit.
- 3. Conditions 3 through 6 are included to protect the quality of the natural environment so as to safeguard the ecosystem and human health and foster efficient use and conservation of waters. These conditions allow for the beneficial use of waters while ensuring the fair sharing, conservation and sustainable use of the waters of Ontario. The conditions also specify the water takings that are authorized by this Permit and the scope of this Permit.

In accordance with Section 100 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990, you may by written notice served upon me, the Environmental Review Tribunal and the Environmental Commissioner, Environmental Bill of Rights, R.S.O. 1993, Chapter 28, within 15 days after receipt of this Notice, require a hearing by the Tribunal. The Environmental Commissioner will place notice of your appeal on the Environmental Registry. Section 101 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, as amended provides that the Notice requiring a hearing shall state:

- 1. The portions of the Permit or each term or condition in the Permit in respect of which the hearing is required, and;
- 2. The grounds on which you intend to rely at the hearing in relation to each portion appealed.

In addition to these legal requirements, the Notice should also include:

- a. The name of the appellant;
- b. The address of the appellant;
- c. The Permit to Take Water number;
- d. The date of the Permit to Take Water;
- e. The name of the Director;
- f. The municipality within which the works are located;

This notice must be served upon:

The Secretary
Environmental Review Tribunal
655 Bay Street, 15th Floor
Toronto ON
M5G 1E5
Fax: (416) 326-5370

The Environmental Commissioner

AND 1075 Bay Street
6th Floor, Suite 605
Toronto, Ontario M5S 2W5

The Director, Section 34.1, Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change 1259 Gardiners Rd, PO Box 22032 Kingston, ON K7P 3J6

AND

Email: ERTTribunalsecretary@ontario.ca

Further information on the Environmental Review Tribunal's requirements for an appeal can be obtained directly from the Tribunal:

by Telephone at by Fax at by e-mail at (416) 212-6349 (416) 326-5370 www.ert.gov.on.ca

Toll Free 1(866) 448-2248 Toll Free 1(844) 213-3474

This instrument is subject to Section 38 of the **Environmental Bill of Rights** that allows residents of Ontario to seek leave to appeal the decision on this instrument. Residents of Ontario may seek to appeal for 15 days from the date this decision is placed on the Environmental Registry. By accessing the Environmental Registry, you can determine when the leave to appeal period ends.

Dated at Kingston this 8th day of June, 2016.

Greg Faaren

Director, Section 34.1

Ontario Water Resources Act , R.S.O. 1990

Schedule A

This Schedule "A" forms part of Permit To Take Water 4362-AAKQNY, dated June 8, 2016.	



APPENDIX D STAKEHOLDER SUPPORT

Key Reference and Guidance Material for Municipal Residential Drinking Water Systems

Many useful materials are available to help you operate your drinking water system. Below is a list of key materials owners and operators of municipal residential drinking water systems frequently use.

To access these materials online click on their titles in the table below or use your web browser to search for their titles. Contact the Ministry if you need assistance or have questions at 1-866-793-2588 or waterforms@ontario.ca.

For more information on Ontario's drinking water visit www.ontario.ca/drinkingwater



PUBLICATION TITLE	PUBLICATION NUMBER
FORMS:	
Drinking Water System Profile Information	012-2149E
Laboratory Services Notification	012-2148E
Adverse Test Result Notification	012-4444E
Taking Care of Your Drinking Water: A Guide for Members of Municipal Councils	Website
Procedure for Disinfection of Drinking Water in Ontario	Website
Strategies for Minimizing the Disinfection Products Trihalomethanes and Haloacetic Acids	Website
Filtration Processes Technical Bulletin	Website
Ultraviolet Disinfection Technical Bulletin	Website
Guide for Applying for Drinking Water Works Permit Amendments, & License Amendments	Website
Certification Guide for Operators and Water Quality Analysts	Website
Guide to Drinking Water Operator Training Requirements	9802E
Community Sampling and Testing for Lead: Standard and Reduced Sampling and Eligibility for Exemption	Website
Drinking Water System Contact List	7128E01
Ontario's Drinking Water Quality Management Standard - Pocket Guide	Website
Watermain Disinfection Procedure	Website
List of Licensed Laboratories	Website



Principaux guides et documents de référence sur les réseaux résidentiels municipaux d'eau potable

De nombreux documents utiles peuvent vous aider à exploiter votre réseau d'eau potable. Vous trouverez ci-après une liste de documents que les propriétaires et exploitants de réseaux résidentiels municipaux d'eau potable utilisent fréquemment. Pour accéder à ces documents en ligne, cliquez sur leur titre dans le tableau cidessous ou faites une recherche à l'aide de votre navigateur Web. Communiquez avec le ministère au 1-866-793-2588, ou encore à waterforms@ontario.ca si vous avez des questions ou besoin d'aide.



Pour plus de renseignements sur l'eau potable en Ontario, consultez le site www.ontario.ca/eaupotable

TITRE DE LA PUBLICATION	NUMÉRO DE PUBLICATION
Renseignements sur le profil du réseau d'eau potable	012-2149F
Avis de demande de services de laboratoire	012-2148F
Avis de résultats d'analyse insatisfaisants et de règlement des problèmes	012-4444F
Prendre soin de votre eau potable - Un guide destiné aux membres des conseils municipaux	Site Web
Marche à suivre pour désinfecter l'eau portable en Ontario	Site Web
Stratégies pour minimiser les trihalométhanes et les acides haloacétiques de sous-produits de désinfection	Site Web
Filtration Processes Technical Bulletin (en anglais seulement)	Site Web
Ultraviolet Disinfection Technical Bulletin (en anglais seulement)	Site Web
Guide de présentation d'une demande de modification du permis d'aménagement de station de production d'eau potable	Site Web
Guide sur l'accréditation des exploitants de réseaux d'eau potable et des analystes de la qualité de l'eau de réseaux d'eau potable	Site Web
Guide sur les exigences relatives à la formation des exploitants de réseaux d'eau potable	9802F
Échantillonnage et analyse du plomb dans les collectivités : échantillonnage normalisé ou réduit et admissibilité à l'exemption	Site Web
Liste des personnes-ressources du réseau d'eau potable	Site Web
L'eau potable en Ontario - Norme de gestion de la qualité - Guide de poche	Site Web
Procédure de désinfection des conduites principales	Site Web
Laboratoires autorisés	Site Web